

THE JERUSALEM POST

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Experiment for Ireland

IRELAND'S decision at this late date to suspend the northern provincial parliament and impose direct rule by Westminster will satisfy Ulster on neither side. Despite a pledge that there will be no plebiscites to determine whether the Ulster population unifies with the Irish Republic to the south, the militant Catholic Irish Republican Army is well aware that the Protestant majority in the north is likely to resist unification. The British Government over the island of Ireland. The probability is that the I.R.A. war of attrition will continue. But Ulster Protestants are also fearful of an erosion in their position. The British Government has not only withdrawn confidence from their elected leadership. It has also, for the first time, accepted that there might be a case for uniting the island under Dublin rule, even though at some distant date. The British learned from their Catholic neighbours the frustration of second-class citizenship, and Ulster Protestants are unlikely to opt voluntarily for such a status. Somewhere between the extremists on either side, lies the great mass of northern Protestants and Catholics alike, who have paid these last years with their own lives and with the lives of their families for the bitterness and hatred which stalks the camps of the generals in this twisted war of religion. It is to them that Britain's Prime Minister, Edward Heath, addressed himself this week-end with the remark: "Only you can take the decision to live together in peace. Only from your own hands can flow the revulsion of the carnage of recent months which has hit the gunmen and the political purveyors of water-communal poison. By temporarily riding itself out of Stormont, the Northern Ireland Parliament and the prime ministerial dialogue with the people of Ulster, the British Government now has an opportunity to address itself to the ordinary people of Ulster and the everyday problems of the province. The appointment of a Secretary of State for Northern Ireland from Whitehall and the transfer of executive power to Westminster opens the way for the British Government to attempt to erase the disadvantages which Catholic Ulstermen have laboured for more than 50 years, not only in elective procedures but also in the distribution of national wealth and social administration. It is improbable that the good-will setting is over yet. The province has a way of its own for a group dedicated to an ideal and brooks any means to weed them out, while at the same time pacifying the emotions on either side, will be a major and challenging task for the British administration. At the same time, it can, as it has pledged, repair the destruction, create new industries and jobs (at a time when the province is itself experiencing a widespread unemployment), where there is a hope that the sea of blood between the Catholic and Protestant communities can be bridged and a dialogue started on the modes of living in peace. But there is a long journey still to be made along a road which has already traversed several centuries of oppression and discrimination. The new Secretary of State, Mr. William Whitelaw, has made a start by seeking the support and cooperation of men of good will in both communities. The British Government has also asked the assistance of the Irish Republic in curbing the Irish gunmen who slip north across its borders and to whom restoring the patriotism of their brethren has become a way of life. Given this support, here is for the first time in decades a glimmer of hope that a sea will replace superstition and hostility.

Mintoff due to sign Nato pact today

LONDON. — Malta's Prime Minister Dom Mintoff arrived here yesterday to sign a new defence pact and stop the withdrawal of British land, sea and air forces from the Mediterranean island. The Maltese leader is scheduled to meet the British Defence Secretary, Lord Carrington, to sign the agreement today — only five days before Britain's March 31 deadline for completing the evacuation of its forces. It will signal the end of a bitter Anglo-Maltese row which erupted soon after Mr. Mintoff became Malta's Prime Minister last June and ordered Britain to pay a bigger rent for the military bases or get out. When the Anglo-Maltese dispute began Britain had about 8,000 servicemen on the island. The number has now been whittled down to about 1,400 including about 900 marine commandos. On top of the £14m. in rent, Mr. Mintoff would get £7m. over seven years in economic aid bilaterally offered with the Nato powers, plus about £2,500,000 aid from Italy. U.S. Embassy sources in Malta said the State Department has informed the Maltese government that a team of experts will be sent to Malta to study the precarious economic situation immediately upon conclusion of an Anglo-Maltese defence agreement. The sources said the team would study possible U.S. funds over and above what Washington already is contributing to the £14m. offered by Nato. (Reuters, UPI)

Nablus crisis ends as candidates flow in

Jerusalem Post Arab Affairs Reporter. Four candidates in the Nablus municipal elections retracted their withdrawals over the week-end, and eight other persons registered as candidates after a series of public meetings urging cooperation with the voting. There are now expected to be at least 25 candidates for the ten open seats on the council when voting takes place on Tuesday. Registration of candidates, which was originally concluded a fortnight ago, has been extended until tomorrow afternoon. The extension was authorised by the West Bank officer in charge of Interior Affairs, by virtue of an order issued by the Area Commander of Judea and Samaria "at the request of the population." Three public meetings were held in all — on Friday at the homes of Nablus notables Rashid al-Nimr and Hajj Abdul-Hadi and yesterday at the city hall, attended by about 50 leaders. One of them was Hikmat al-Masari, the former Speaker of the Jordanian parliament, who was released on Friday from one day's detention on suspicion of "maintaining contacts with the sabotage organizations." The public meetings decided to issue a statement calling upon the local population to take an active part in the elections. The statement was scheduled to be published yesterday but failed to appear. Six of the new candidates were holding consultations with various circles in the city last night for the formation of a ten-man independent list. More nominees are expected before registration ends. The weekend efforts were marred late last night by an arson attempt on property belonging to one of the candidates, Borhan Shaouril. The Jerusalem Post learned that unknown assailants set alight Shaouril's photography studio but the city fire brigade extinguished the flames a few minutes later. The damage could not be assessed last night. The arson attempt was the second to be carried out against a candidate in a week. Security forces were investigating the incident, but no arrests were reported. MAYORAL CALIBRE Although a number of intellectuals are included among the candidates, there seemed to be no one of the mayoral calibre. However, there are more than enough people to fill the ten open seats in the 12-man council. The two others are appointed by the government under Jordanian law still in effect in the area. All signs indicate that one of these two is going to be the future mayor of Nablus, and he is likely to be Rashid al-Nimr, a former member of the Jordanian cabinet. The elections are now certain to be held as scheduled in Nablus and eight neighbouring towns and villages, in addition to Jenin. As of next week the election campaign will be moving south to Jericho. (Continued on P. 12 Col. 3)

Rafah probe results to Cabinet today

Jerusalem Post Reporter. The conclusions of the Army's investigation into Beduin complaints on the fencing off of areas in the Rafah district to make way for Jewish settlements are expected to be reported to the Cabinet today. Defence Minister Moshe Dayan told Health Minister Victor Shatzman, who asked about the complaints two weeks ago, that he would bring the conclusions to the Cabinet. Meanwhile signs of a split in Mapam over the issue of supporting government policy on settlement of the territories emerged during the week-end in statements by top Mapam members. Mr. Yisroel Hizaon told reporters on Friday that he favoured settlement of the Gaza Strip and the Rafah region, which he did not think differed from settling the Golan Heights. This view contradicts the line taken by Meir Yaari, under whose influence the Mapam secretariat adopted an anti-settlement policy. Taking a different stance, Mapam Political Secretary Naftali Feder told Israel Radio that Mapam had been against settlement policy for the last five years. Asked whether in this case Mapam should then leave the government, Mr. Feder said "in most issues we see alike with the Labour Party and there is no need to draw such conclusions. We are far from doing so." Yesterday 68 members of Kibbutz Nahal Oz facing the Gaza Strip, called on the authorities to expedite Jewish settlement in the central and southern Gaza Strip. "As Israeli citizens living in this area we are convinced that one of the ways to integrate the Gaza Strip in the State of Israel is more Jewish settlements there. We support the decision of Eud Hakibbutzim to settle kibbutzim at this stage in the centre of the Gaza Strip," a statement issued by the group said.

IRA vows to fight on

BELFAST.—William Whitelaw, newly appointed British governor of Northern Ireland, arrived in Belfast yesterday after British seized direct control of the province. The Catholic-based Social Democratic and Labour Party, Ulster's main opposition group in the Stormont Parliament, promised their cooperation yesterday with Mr. Whitelaw's bid to ease tensions in the troubled province. The Irish Republican Army rejected Whitelaw's plan and gave orders to continue the fight. One Belfast youth was shot dead yesterday and two soldiers wounded by a mine. Speculation mounted about a rift in the ranks of the Provisional Wing of the I.R.A., saying the Belfast group had ordered a cease-fire in defiance of orders from their Dublin headquarters. (See main story, page 2.)

Israel workers live in fear Amin cancels arms, halts Israel projects

KAMPALA, Uganda.—President Idi Amin yesterday ordered cancellation of all armaments orders placed with Israel and directed that work stop immediately on a number of Israeli construction projects in Uganda. The decision was announced in a press statement after a surprise meeting here between Amin and representatives of principal Israeli companies operating in Uganda. He also said Israel's airforce training mission here would have until next Saturday to leave the country. Israel has already said it will withdraw the airforce instructors. Meanwhile, the first Israeli military instructors began leaving Uganda over the week-end for home. Five Israeli tourists arrested on Friday "in a forest," according to a Ugandan spokesman, were released and expelled from the country. They reached Kenya safely yesterday. The official Ugandan spokesman said the government was "very much concerned" at the forest incident. He said Foreign Minister Wanume Kibedi had been directed to tell Israeli Ambassador Daniel Laor to warn Israelis in Uganda that the government was "completely alive to their activities." The envoy should also warn his countrymen to be "very careful of their movements," he said. (In Jerusalem yesterday, the Foreign Ministry stressed that the five were tourists and had no connection with any government body.) President Amin said the projects being stopped were at Arua in northwest Uganda, where Israeli contractors are helping to build a new airfield; at Bugolobi in Kampala, where a housing scheme is underway; and at Tororo in east Uganda, where a new road is being constructed. "All Israelis, whether men or women, must have had some military training and this, it is feared, would mean having an unknown army with the strength of 700 people here," General Amin said. He denied Israeli press reports that Uganda was turning to the Arab world because of financial difficulties. "Uganda's independence cannot be sold for money," he declared. No Arab state had ever given Uganda financial assistance but the government of his predecessor, Dr. Milton Obote, had become "almost a prisoner of Israel economically," General Amin said. This was the source of much of Uganda's debts, and the same mistake would not be made again. Earlier yesterday Foreign Minister Joshua Wanume-Kibedi warned representatives of Israeli contractors here to be careful as Uganda's security forces were on the alert for "subversive activities." In reply, the contractors' leader, Mr. I. Wolfvitch, the manager of Solel Boneh in Uganda, told Mr. Kibedi Israeli newspapers do not express the views of the Israeli Government. "You can rely only on official government statements. The things you mentioned are just sensational press reports," he added. Mr. Wolfvitch denied that any member of his company had involved himself in political or other questions outside his sphere of work. He asked that General Amin should issue a statement correcting the impression that all Israelis were untrustworthy. "Our people are scared," he said. "We have all been pointed out as enemies of Uganda, and the government has said that everyone in Uganda must watch every Israeli because maybe he is suspected as a spy. We cannot work in such conditions. Our women and children are afraid even to leave home because someone may come. Someone may cry in the street 'Israeli spy' and then we are finished." Mr. Kibedi told Mr. Wolfvitch his fears were unfounded and the government would ensure that no Israeli was harassed. He also rejected Mr. Wolfvitch's explanation of the hostile press reports. Mr. Kibedi said some statements had clearly been government inspired. Mr. Kibedi said some Israelis had made unauthorized visits to Ugandan Army barracks and engaged in activities "not in the interests of the security of this country." He said these and other signs indicated to the government "Israel was no longer interested in having normal relations with us. That's why we gave them the obvious option of going back to Israel." Cairo's "Al-Habib el-Yom" yesterday said Amin has delayed his scheduled visits to Cairo and Khartoum because of his "preoccupations with foiling conspiracies engineered by the Israeli Embassy against his government." The Libyan "Al Raed" newspaper urged Arab countries to "move fast to fill the vacuum" left by Israel in Uganda. (AP, Reuters, UPI)



The first group of Israeli military instructors wave cheerfully as they leave Uganda on Friday for home. (AP radiophoto)

Sadat at naval base in flurry of talks

By ANAN SAFADI. Egyptian President Anwar Sadat went to Egypt's largest naval base at the Mediterranean coastal town of Mersa Matruh over the weekend as Cairo's semi-official "Al-Ahram" newspaper speculated that the resumption of hostilities with Israel on a limited scale would change the entire picture of the stalemate Middle East crisis. (See page 3.) Cairo Radio said last night that Sadat was deep in talks with his War Minister, General Mohammed Ahmed Sadek, and the Navy Commander, General Mahmud Fahmy. The true motives behind Sadat's visit to Mersa Matruh could not be assessed amid the flurry of developments facing Sadat which have emerged in the past few days. In the first place he usually pays visits to military bases to emphasize his country's confrontation with Israel whenever he is facing internal challenges. The most recent of these occurred on Thursday within the labour movement at the industrial centre of Shubra el-Khaimh, north of Cairo, where Egyptian Premier Aziz Sidky was stoned during a visit to the area. Cairo's "Al-Gomhouriya" newspaper said yesterday that 186 persons were arrested in connection with the rioting incident, but gave no further details. Sadat arrived in Mersa Matruh Friday after two days of talks in Libya with Mu'ammer Gaddafi. The two leaders, who at the same time conferred with a delegation representing the Palestine Liberation Organization, were said to have discussed King Hussein's recent plan for a Jordanian-Palestinian federation linking Jordan with the Israeli-held West Bank. The latest development in this context came yesterday from the Sudan, where President Ja'afar e-Numeiri criticized Egypt, Syria and Libya for their summary rejection of the Hussein plan "without studying it." In an interview with the Sudanese army organ "The Armed Forces," he said that the Hussein plan could perhaps lead to an end of the war with Israel, and added that an Arab summit to discuss it was more vital than ever before. While voicing no criticism of it, Numeiri said that the Hussein plan had, like other Arab political and military projects, "ignored the existence of Israel as a painful reality." Meanwhile, according to unconfirmed reports coming out of Cairo, Sadat was said to be awaiting yet another summit conference with his federation partners Gaddafi of Libya and Syria's Hafez Assad to review a number of issues, among them the Hussein plan and possible joint action concerning it. Other reports however said that Sadat was at Mersa Matruh to avoid the high-ranking Iraqi delegation which was due last night in Cairo to begin talks on Baghdad's proposal to set up a federation between Iraq, Egypt and Syria. The delegation has just wound up such talks in Damascus, where joint committees were said to have been formed to discuss fields of cooperation between the two countries. Sadat's reservations over the talks with the Iraqi delegation were said to have resulted from the opposition to the Iraqi move by Libya, which was excluded from the Baghdad proposal. UPI last night quoted diplomatic sources in Cairo as saying that Egypt was nevertheless not likely to reject outright the Iraqi plan.

Israel won't withdraw diplomats unless asked

Jerusalem Post Diplomatic Correspondent. Israel will not withdraw its civilian advisers or diplomats from Uganda, unless the Government there requests it, authoritative Jerusalem sources said last night. Israel's policy remains that relations and technical assistance programmes are based on mutual agreement, and that it is not in Israel's interests to promote a total breakdown in relations, according to these sources. High-level consultations on the crisis were held in Jerusalem throughout yesterday. Foreign Minister Abba Eban is likely to review the situation at today's weekly Cabinet meeting. Most of the Israeli civilians in Uganda who number in the hundreds, are employed by private companies. There are also four consultants on economics, computers and agriculture and a university lecturer, employed through the Foreign Ministry's International Cooperation Division. The Ambassador in Kampala, Mr. Daniel Laor, said in a radio interview recorded on Friday and broadcast on the "Weekly News-reel" yesterday that the Israelis were all well and there was no cause for worry. Remarks about the situation in Uganda, made by Mr. Eban in an interview recorded for the same programme on Friday, were not broadcast at the Minister's request. The Jerusalem Post learned. Several hours after the interview, a Foreign Ministry official contacted the editor of the programme, who agreed not to broadcast the remarks, which included a denial of Uganda's charges of Israeli interference in its affairs. Prime Minister Golda Meir has recovered from her cold, contracted last week, and will preside at today's Cabinet meeting. II die in Iran floods TEHERAN (AP). — Flash floods caused by continuous torrential rain killed 11 persons, damaged roads and homes and swept away cattle and sheep in southern and western Iran, reports reaching Teheran said yesterday.

Soviets said to support Hussein plan

AMMAN (Reuters). — The Jordanian weekly "Al-Hawadeth" yesterday reported that the Soviet Union supported King Hussein's federation plan and that Soviet Ambassadors in Cairo and Damascus had advised the Presidents of Egypt and Syria to "reconsider" their declared opposition to the plan. The report, which was neither confirmed nor denied by official circles here, said that the Soviet attaché had met last week with a senior Jordanian official and informed him of his Government's support of the plan.

Army coup in El Salvador

GUATEMALA CITY (Reuters). — Guatemalan officers seized power yesterday in El Salvador, the smallest and most densely populated of the Central American republics, according to reports reaching here. The officers placed outgoing President Fidel Sanchez Hernandez under arrest and an unknown number of people died in clashes between troops and civilians, the reports said.

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After Ulster decision Britain hopeful but ready for worst

By ERIC SILVER
Jerusalem Post London Correspondent

LONDON. — The British Government is hoping for the best and mobilizing for the worst this week-end after Edward Heath's announcement on Friday suspending the Northern Ireland Parliament and bringing the ravaged province directly under Westminster rule for the first time in 51 years.

Another 4,000 British troops are standing by on this side of the Irish Sea in case the army commander in Ulster needs reinforcements. If they are sent it will bring the British garrison there up to 18,500 men. Although the first reactions to the Prime Minister's solemn statement have been rhetorical rather than explosive, the dangers of violence — from Protestants now as much as from Catholics — are coldly recognized.

Ex-Ulster Home Affairs Minister William Craig said last Friday that a Protestant strike called for tomorrow could make Northern Ireland "totally ungovernable." He has called on the predominantly Protestant Royal Ulster Constabulary to join the stoppage, leaving Westminster to deal with the Catholic gunmen.

The two-day strike is opposed by the official trade unions, but Craig is supported by the Industrial Loyalists' Association of Workers, which claims 50,000 paying members. The only question is how deep a mark this demonstration will leave.

UNDERGROUND DIVIDED

Heath's statement has divided the underground Irish Republican Army, which has gloried in the indiscriminate bombing and shooting of recent weeks. The extreme Provisional Wing in the North proclaimed a cease-fire in defiance of its army council in Dublin, which called for continued hostilities. In the new situation the Northern Catholic guerrillas seem uneasy about the protection they can expect from their own people. Without it they would be easy prey for the security forces. Some sober British observers predict that the

Catholics will revert slowly to condoning violence in another month or so.

Cathal Goulding, a leader of the so-called Official Wing of the I.R.A. in Dublin, denounced Heath's proposals as "not political initiatives at all, but another way of saying that martial law has been introduced." It is an interpretation that may come to prevail in the Ulster minority community. The Catholics will continue to experience military searches and surveillance in their ghettos, and the Protestants will probably be less passive in the streets than surprisingly they have been of late.

Although the Stormont Parliament has been prorogued for a year rather than abolished, it is widely accepted in London and in Belfast that Heath's decision marks the end of the dual system of government adopted in 1921 when the South became independent. Henceforth Westminster will have the power as well as the responsibility (until or unless the border finally vanishes).

The Prime Minister said in a broadcast to the nation that his initiative would make possible "a completely fresh start" to stopping the violence. There would be no relaxation in the fight against terrorism. "All the security forces will continue to have our full backing and support."

LABOUR SUPPORT

Heath's package enjoys the blessing of both Labour and Liberal Oppositions here. Whether and how soon it will make possible a dialogue between the different interested parties in Britain and both parts of Ireland is another matter.

The first encouraging sign came yesterday from the main Ulster opposition, the Social Democratic and Labour Party, who accepted the initiative with the one qualification that internment should be ended immediately. The Ulster civil rights movement, the focus of peaceful protest, fell into step by postponing its next round of demonstrations.

Brian Faulkner, who will probably prove to have been the last

Prime Minister of Northern Ireland, has behaved with a fair dignity. He refused to acquiesce in a British assumption of responsibility for law and order in his province and presented the resignations of his entire Cabinet. (See picture, next page).

The official Ulster Unionist posture appears to be one of boycott rather than active resistance. This could have embarrassing repercussions at Westminster, where Heath's majority has fallen into single figures within the past couple of months.

PARLIAMENTARY PICTURE

The Government need fear no trouble over its Irish legislation, but it could become dependent on rebel Labour votes for its Common Market bill. If all eight Ulster Unionist M.P.s at Westminster lined up against the Market, its Tory majority would be threatened. There is no reason however for doubting that in a real crisis enough Labour Marketeers would troop into the Government lobby. In such case it might cause more problems for Labour than for the Conservatives.

But the important question is what effect Heath's measures have on the volatile situation in Northern Ireland. However, temporarily, there does seem to be a will towards peace. It may be a trivial symbol, but David Frost's television show offered an earnest of it this week-end. He assembled about 40 "ordinary" Protestants and about 40 equally "ordinary" Catholics in separate Belfast studios. He wanted the views of "the people who matter." By an overwhelming majority — and to Frost's genuine surprise — both groups insisted on moving into the same studio and talking together.

The move to direct rule, the London "Times" judged yesterday, could provide a short space, a few weeks or a few months, for political movement.

WHITE-LAW IN BELFAST

"If it is made the basis of action at that time the advantages would be gained and perhaps the worst of the risks avoided. That would mean a rapid attempt to negotiate a constitution of consent between the communities. If so, direct rule would have been proved justified, but the chance will not last long."

Heath cannot expect to control all the pieces on the Ulster chess-board, but the burden of his hopes rests on the shoulders of William Whitelaw, lately leader of the Commons, who has been appointed Secretary of State for Northern Ireland. Whitelaw, who paid his first official visit to Belfast yesterday and was cold-shouldered by Faulkner, will have powers to make orders-in-council with the full force of Stormont legislation. He will be advised — but not more — by a broadly-based commission of wise Ulstermen still to be nominated.

Whitelaw is as good a choice as Heath could have made for this unenviable job. He is a man of political weight, patience and independence. Despite his social background he has a genial reputation for getting on with people of all classes.

Whitelaw is of the liberal strand of British Toryism. He has been worried that the present government was moving too far to the dogmatic right and risked losing the voters of the famous middle ground. None the less his loyalty to Heath is not in doubt. Nor is his conviction that a peaceful community in Northern Ireland is more important than the maintenance of rigid Unionist control.

Sadat 'refused Soviet naval bases in Egypt'

LONDON (INA). — Egyptian President Anwar Sadat has refused a Russian request for two naval bases in Egypt. "The Times" reported on Friday.

The Soviet request was first made when Sadat visited Moscow earlier this year in search of more arms, the paper said. The Soviets wanted one base on the Mediterranean and another on the Red Sea. Both were to be completely under the control of the Soviet Navy, and this is assumed to be the main reason for Sadat's refusal, it added.

The "Times" theorized that the refusal was responsible for the failure of Sadat's arms mission, and the reason he did not get his ground-to-ground missiles or a Mig-23 factory.

"What is known for certain is that the Soviet leadership said that Egyptian territory still occupied by Israel could not be liberated by military means in the foreseeable future," it added.

The Soviets offered some arms and equipment but only for hard currency, the "Times" went on. Sadat immediately sought financial help from his wealthier neighbours, and President Gaddafi of Libya is said to have offered one third of the purchase price. The condition was that other Arab countries must also contribute.

Sadat's fund-raising drive was interrupted by Marshal Grechko, the Soviet Defence Minister, who visited Cairo in February to "improve the fighting capacity of the Egyptian Army." He also pressed the request for naval bases and was again refused, the paper said.

Soon afterwards Sadat resumed his fund-raising in Saudi Arabia and Kuwait. His efforts are still continuing, it added.

Cairo's "Al Akhbar" daily yesterday said that the report was incorrect, and that the Soviets had never asked for such bases.

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Yugoslavia smallpox 'brought from Saudia'

BELGRADE, (Reuter). — A 16 grade newspaper said yesterday outbreak of smallpox in Yugoslavia was almost certainly caused by infected "baggage" brought by Muslim pilgrims returning from Saudi Arabia. The newspaper said the Muslim doctors gave water to his 10-year-old nephew who became the first infected case. The Muslim himself was vaccinated and was not infected.

Two people have died and 14 have been eight confirmed and suspected cases reported since outbreak in the southern province. Mass vaccination continues. Belgrade, where more than 800 people had been treated by yesterday morning. Health authorities said the rest of the capital's population of more than a million would have received the vaccine by today.

Infected villagers in Kosovo which borders Albania, have been quarantined.

World Health Organization (WHO) said Friday night the Yugoslav authorities had the strain under control and that there were no indications the disease was spreading to other regions.

Nobel presentation for Solzhenitsyn set in Moscow

STOCKHOLM (AP). — Alexander Solzhenitsyn, the Soviet Nobel Prize literature winner of 1970, will last receive the Nobel diploma awarded at a ceremony next month in Moscow. It was announced here Friday.

Karl Ragnar Gierow, Secretary of the Nobel Foundation, said he is going to Moscow on April 8 to deliver the diploma and medal at a private ceremony at Mr. Solzhenitsyn's home.

There had been a heated debate in Sweden over the issue of how the Nobel Prize should be delivered. Solzhenitsyn did not come to Stockholm to receive the prize at the ceremony here in December, 1970.

Sabry protests prison life

CAIRO (AP). — Former Vice-President Aly Sabry turned a property hearing into a protest over life in Egypt's prisons yesterday.

"We are given no paper and no pen, we cannot see our lawyers privately. How can you claim there is justice?" he asked.

Sabry was sentenced to death last December for his part in an alleged conspiracy to topple President Anwar Sadat last May. Sadat commuted the sentence to life in prison.

Sabry, one of six former top government officials to appear in court yesterday, told the public hearing, "My jailer would not allow me to attend dressed in my prison overall. They want me to appear wealthy."

The court appearance was in connection with government efforts to take over the properties of 11 former top officials who were convicted in December of participating in the May plot.

"Do not look at me as I stand here dressed the way I am, and assume that I am that wealthy," Sabry said, adding that his dress was directed by the state prosecutor.

The government took over the defendants' property last June, shortly after their arrest, and yesterday's hearing, before a jury, was to test the government's right to keep their property. Under the Sequestration Law, the government may take over property of persons who have abused their official positions to secure personal gain.

"The court charges that by owning what I have and by being who I am, I endanger the security of



Aly Sabry at yesterday's hearing. (AP photo)

Nixon sees 'no hope' in Paris talks

WASHINGTON, (Reuter). — President Nixon seemed on Friday to have abandoned the idea of openly negotiating a settlement of the Vietnam war in Paris.

In his toughest statement yet on the war he told a press conference that as far as a negotiated peace was concerned, from the way the talks were going there was "no hope whatever." The talks were announced almost exactly four years ago by former President Johnson. Last Thursday, the U.S. delegation in Paris announced an indefinite suspension of the weekly meetings.

Political observers said Mr. Nixon's definition of their progress so far summed up the frustration his government has felt from continued reports by the North Vietnamese and Vietcong negotiators, despite secret overtures and meetings.

What the U.S. was trying to do, Mr. Nixon told reporters, was to break "a three-and-a-half-year impasse on the peace talks on the part of the North Vietnamese. They refuse to negotiate seriously and they use the talks for the purpose of propaganda while we have been trying to seek peace," Mr. Nixon declared. "Whenever the enemy is ready to negotiate seriously, we are ready to negotiate and I would emphasize that we are ready to negotiate in public channels or in private channels."

Mr. Nixon referred to the secret meetings — disclosed in January — that his foreign policy adviser, Mr. Henry Kissinger, had with the North Vietnamese and Vietcong over the past year or so. Although this clandestine route could stay open, Mr. Nixon emphasized that "we are not going to continue to allow them to use this forum for the purpose of bullying the U.S. in a propaganda forum rather than in serious negotiating peace."

Observers said that, coupled with

the buoyancy the White House still enjoys following last month's journey to China, Mr. Nixon probably feels reasonably confident that the semi-public talks in Paris could still be overtaken by a dramatic announcement of a positive breakthrough dealt with elsewhere.

Of his trip to Moscow, which begins on May 22, Mr. Nixon said one of the important issues was the Strategic Arms Limitation Talks, which have been held alternately in Helsinki and Vienna. He said the U.S. and Moscow were still far apart on fundamental issues — for instance, whether submarine-launched missiles should be included in an arms agreement — but he was heartened by remarks last week by Mr. Leonid Brezhnev, the Soviet Communist Party chief.

"I believe there is a good chance at this point... that we may reach an agreement in Moscow on defense and offensive agreements, and also agreements in a number of other areas," he declared.

Also on Friday the U.S. Senate voted to keep Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty in operation for the next three months, beaming

Rhodesian Premier's son fined for pot

SALISBURY, Rhodesia (AP). — Alexander Douglas Smith, son of Rhodesian Premier Ian Smith, was fined 200 Rhodesian dollars — about \$304 — in Salisbury magistrate's court on Friday for being found in possession of seven and three-quarter ounces of Malawi-grown dagga (marijuana). He was also given a three-month jail sentence, suspended for three years, on condition he is not convicted of a similar offence during that period.

Magistrate Gerald Rose said a mitigating factor was that Smith had said the dagga was purely for his own use. Smith, he said, appeared to be generally pentitent and had promised to desist from the use of drugs.

Nixon opposes legalizing marijuana

WASHINGTON (Reuter). — President Nixon on Friday rejected a recommendation by a presidential commission that using marijuana in the home should no longer be considered a crime.

Mr. Nixon told a press conference that he had disagreed with the recommendation before he read the report of the commission last week. After reading it, he had not changed his mind.

"I oppose the legalization of marijuana and that includes sale, possession and use," he declared. "I do not believe you can have effective criminal justice based on a philosophy that something is half-legal and half-illegal."

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Social and Personal

The Malawi Ambassador to Israel, Mr. Callisto Mkhona, visited the Weizmann Institute of Science on Wednesday.

The Haifa City Council held a reception for Executive Committee members and delegates of the Young Lawyers' International Association at City Hall last night.

The delegation of the International Monetary Fund led by Mr. Geoffrey Tyler on Friday called on the acting president of the Israel Manufacturers Association, Mr. Avraham Shavit, in Tel Aviv.

The Technion — Israel Institute of Technology — invites the public to the 1972 Joseph Wunch Lecture by Lord Robbins, professor emeritus of economics, chairman of the Court of Governors, the London School of Economics and Political Science, on the subject: "Technology and Social Welfare," today, March 26, 1972, at 7 p.m., Spertus Auditorium, Building Research Station, Technion City, Haifa.

Friends of Beit Wizo Italia in Jaffa held a memorial meeting Thursday for the late Victoria Cantoni-Pisa, first president of the Italian Federation of Wizo, who passed away at her home in Haifa last month.

Dr. Moshe Dothan will lecture at the Rockefeller Museum at 4 p.m. today, (in English) on "The Excavations at Tel Ashdod, 1971" under the auspices of Hebrew Union College and the Albright Institute of Archaeology. The public is invited.

Fashionable Furs — of course at Rosen's Fur Salon, 72 Allenby Rd., Tel Aviv, Tel. 615990. Open all day. Highly exclusive models. (Advt.)

Fiat kidnap deadline unclear

BUENOS AIRES. — The deadline for executing Italian industrialist Oberdan Salustro, the Fiat-Concord executive kidnaped by leftist guerrillas last Tuesday, remained unclear yesterday. The military government of President Alejandro Lanusse had on Friday night refused point-blank to accede to the kidnapers' demand for the release of 50 of their comrades held prisoner by the government, or to "negotiate with common criminals."

A guerrilla communication on Friday said the 50-year-old Salustro, who is general manager of Fiat-Concord's automobile enterprises in Argentina, would be shot by a firing squad at noon today unless ransom demands are met.

Nevertheless, a report circulated yesterday morning to the effect that

the guerrillas had telephoned Mr. Salustro's family during the night to say the deadline for paying the ransom had been extended until noon tomorrow. The family and Fiat spokesmen did not comment immediately on the report.

The kidnapers' demands were in communications left in the restaurants of several downtown taverns. They were stamped with a star and signed by the People's Revolutionary Army, a Trotskyite guerrilla group. The communications said Mr. Salustro was convicted by a "people's court" of monopolistic practices and repression of workers at Fiat-Concord's big auto and railroad factories in the industrial city of Cordoba. His "conviction" apparently stemmed from three days of labour violence at the Cordoba plants last October after the gov-

ernment outlawed two radical unions. The company fired 239 union activists and several were arrested.

Mr. Salustro was snatched by a gang of at least four men and women as he left his suburban home for work last Tuesday and is being held in a "people's prison," his chauffeur was shot and seriously wounded in the kidnaping.

The guerrillas stated that he had been condemned to death, but the sentence would be lifted and Mr. Salustro freed, if 50 of their comrades held prisoner are released and \$20 million is spent on books, smocks and shoes for schoolchildren, and Fiat agrees to pay as yet unspecified an indemnity to the guerrillas.

Fiat has agreed to the release of imprisoned leaders of unions at Fiat's factories in Cordoba, and has said that Fiat workers recently laid off for union activities, would be rehired.

The Lanusse government has not commented on the release of imprisoned union leaders.

"La Opinion," a Buenos Aires morning newspaper, in a front-page editorial, said that if the guerrillas kill Salustro, Lanusse might not be able to go ahead with general elections scheduled for March, 1973. (AP, Reuter)

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On the first anniversary of the death of

NORMAN BENTWICH

the ceremony of the unveiling of his tombstone on Mt. Scopus, will be held on Monday, March 27, 1972, at 12.00 noon.

Friends and all those who wish to respect his memory are invited.

THE FAMILY

The Hebrew University of Jerusalem announces a MEMORIAL MEETING on the first anniversary of the death of

PROF. NORMAN BENTWICH

AT WHICH JUSTICE HAIM COHN WILL DELIVER A LECTURE ON "FLAVIUS JOSEPHUS AS A HISTORIAN OF PENAL LAW" TO TAKE PLACE TOMORROW, MARCH 27, 1972, AT 6 P.M. IN THE SENATE HALL, ADMINISTRATION BUILDING, GIVAT RAM CAMPUS, JERUSALEM.

On the SHELOSHIM after the death of

JUDGE EMANUEL YEDID HALEVY

A memorial meeting will take place at his graveside on Tuesday, March 28, 1972 at 3 p.m. at the Hof Hacarmel Cemetery. Our thanks to all those who expressed their condolences in person and in writing.

THE FAMILY

The Minister for Foreign Affairs and the Ministry staff share the grief of

Michael Elizar

who mourns the death of his

FATHER

Our heartfelt thanks to all who shared our grief on the passing of our husband and father

FRITZ L. MEZGER

LOTTE MEZGER and CHILDREN.

The Minister for Foreign Affairs and staff of the Ministry deeply mourn the untimely death of

Eliahu Hassine

Assistant Director International Organizations Division and extend their most heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved family

The funeral of our beloved

Adolfo (Dolly) Silberman

formerly of Santiago de Chile

will take place Monday, March 27, 1972 at the Har Hamenuhot Cemetery, Givat Shaul, Jerusalem. The funeral will leave from Sanhedria Funeral Parlour at 3 p.m.

THE BEREAVED FAMILY

We regret to announce the passing away of

COUNT NICOLO CARANDINI

President, Alitalia — Italy's World Airline.

ALITALIA
Management for Israel

On the 30th day after the death of our beloved

DAPHNE CARASSO

a memorial meeting and unveiling of the tombstone will be held on Wednesday, March 29, at 11 a.m. at the Sanyos Cemetery.

Our heartfelt thanks to all who shared our grief.

ARIE & JACQUELINE CARASSO
JOEL, STELLA and MACCARI

Israel and the E.E.C. Sapid's visit shows tough battle ahead

By JACK MAURICE
Jerusalem Post Correspondent

BRUSSELS. — Finance Minister Pinhas Sapir's 36-hour visit to Brussels last week will certainly have destroyed any illusions which might have survived about the long, tough battle ahead to limit the damage done to Israel by Britain's accession to the Common Market.

Mr. Sapir, who met Common Market cabinet ministers and senior officials, told your correspondent just before leaving: "I always try to be optimistic, but I am not always optimistic."

In his characteristically forcible manner, the Finance Minister hammered home here three key arguments in support of Israel's bid to secure wide-ranging tariff concessions following the enlargement of the European Community, and equal treatment for Israel with other developing nations.

Mr. Sapir has based Israel's case on the discriminatory situation which has been created by the entry of the Community's four new members, and the threats thereby to Israel's citrus industry and indeed, its entire economy.

He said: "I have discussed the enlargement of the Community, the problem of generalized preferences, the future of our own preferential agreement with the Community which expires in 1976, and the problem of renegotiation."

"I don't know what will be the outcome of all this. But everybody here in Brussels listened to me. I cannot say how the French are going to react, as I spoke only to Jean-Francois Deniau" (the French senior civil servant who serves as Trade Commissioner on the Market's Commission).

Mr. Sapir also crammed into his short stay in Brussels a series of meetings with the Foreign Ministers of Belgium and Holland, Mr. Pierre Harmel and Mr. Norbert Lambermont, and the Belgian Foreign Trade Minister, Henk Fayard, and the Economic Affairs Minister Henri Kinoo.

At the European Community headquarters he conferred with the Commission's "Foreign Minister," Commissioner Ralf Dahrendorf.

ready aware of the injustice of a situation which will promptly raise the tariff on Israel citrus in Britain from five per cent to 12 per cent, while Morocco and Tunisia, thanks to their long-standing ties with France, will have to meet a tariff of only four per cent.

Common Market officials are also sensitive to arguments that it is only Arab pressure, backed by French appeasement, which is excluding Israel from the zero tariffs on industrial goods which almost 100 other developing nations now enjoy.

If the European Free Trade Area reaches a free trade agreement with the Common Market, Israel may soon find itself the only trading country in the world, except for the U.S., which has to pay duty on its exports to Europe.

The French have stolidly argued that Israel is seeking to tamper with the sacred mechanism of the Common Market and have ruled out any move to alter the tariff structure to meet Israel's problems.

It is impossible to find a Common Market official here who is ready to defend a situation in which Israel will soon have to pay more duty on its citrus in Britain, and the North Africans less, Israel is also asking that the reference price system should not be applied to Israeli citrus in Britain, as there is no justification for applying it during a shortage of oranges in, say, Glasgow, just because there happens to be a glut in Marseilles.

But the French have now reluctantly accepted the Belgian argument that the enlargement of the Community has created difficulties for some Israel products. Italy has reserved its position on this issue until after the Italian general elections next month.

Not before June

Approval by the Council of Ministers of a mandate for negotiations with Israel is therefore out of the question before June. The prospects of an agreement between Israel and the Six before Britain and the three new partners join the Community on New Year's Day 1973 have also become extremely bleak.

The outlook is now much more depressing than at the exploratory talks between Israel and the Six in January, when it was confidently expected that negotiations would begin in April and a protocol would be ready by the summer.

With the exception of the French Commissioner Jean-Francois Deniau, who claims that concessions to Israel would bring down the wrath of the U.S. upon the Community, Mr. Sapir received a sympathetic reception from the European leaders whom he met here.

Common Market officials were al-

Heykal: Only solution is limited war

CAIRO (AP). — A limited war between Egypt and Israel is the key solution to the Middle East crisis, President Anwar Sadat's close confidant, Mohamed Hassanein Heykal, commented Friday.

In his weekly full-page editorial in "Al-Ahram" newspaper, Mr. Heykal said: "Total war in our age has become impossible, especially because the two big powers, the U.S. and the Soviet Union, don't want it."

"But if we can launch a limited war and win it, this would convince both our enemies and our friends that we mean what we say," Mr. Heykal wrote.

Explaining his points, he said that if the Egyptian armed forces can liberate 100 square kilometers of Sinai and keep it, "the whole aspect of the crisis would change."

Citing some of these changes Mr. Heykal said: "Faced with our victory in this limited war, the Soviet Union will no longer hesitate in giving us what we need. The Soviet Union will no longer need to have any control over us, knowing in advance that we are playing our role in the Arab world with the spirit of the modern age, without direct involvement on its part in the conflict."

He said the U.S. "will then realize that we can achieve what we say and that the reaction to Egypt's victory in the Arab world will be revolutionary, and against her interests... Israel will know that we are ready to pay an unlimited price and we will force her to pay even more, and she would consequently retreat from her present position."

Referring to King Hussein's plan proposing a semi-autonomous state for Palestinians on the West Bank of the Jordan, Mr. Heykal said, "Only Egypt with its power and will can foil this dangerous plot."

He said the plan, drafted by a number of American university professors led by Hubert Fisher, Professor of International Law at Harvard University, was based on the "Alfon Plan."

"Arab cries and protests against Hussein's project cannot foil it... Only Egypt's stand and its abilities could do it," Heykal said.



At left, Oberdan Sellustro, the Italian Fiat executive kidnapped by Argentinian terrorists, is shown in a "people's jail," in photo distributed by the terrorists. At right, is his sad-faced wife Ida as she spoke to reporters at her suburban Buenos Aires home.

Senators try to get foreign policy into U.S. election campaign

By SAM LIPSKI
Jerusalem Post Correspondent

WASHINGTON. — THE plea will probably fall on unresponsive ears. But a group of U.S. senators has called on the presidential candidates to debate the complex foreign policy dilemmas facing the U.S. and to avoid falling back on the conventional themes which currently dominate the hustings.

The six senators associated themselves with a position paper issued by Freedom House, an independent non-partisan association, which makes the point that the coming presidential election is of unprecedented significance for the way "the image, influence, and policies of America in the world of the late 20th century" will be seen.

Yet foreign policy alternatives — with the possible exception of the still-lingering issue of Vietnam — are not likely to play a major role in the campaign. Although President Nixon undoubtedly will reap some benefit from his Moscow and Peking summits, the really hard questions of foreign policy are likely to be subordinated to domestic matters such as the economy, racial integration, and personalities. Without labelling it "isolationism" there is a mood of weariness with

the world clearly apparent in the electorate of 1972.

But the irony is that for once it really is meaningful to say, as does the position paper, that American foreign policies stand at an important crossroads. Prepared by Professors Robert Scalapino and Paul Seabury at the University of California, Berkeley, the paper has been endorsed by Senators Margaret Chase Smith, Clifford Hansen, Robert Taft Jr. (Republicans) and Senators Lloyd Bentsen, Lawton Chiles, and Gale McGee (Democrats).

Noting that nations abroad would judge America's "political capacities and intentions" by "events surrounding the coming contest" the paper makes these points:

- The U.S. has made the bulk of the basic concessions leading to Soviet-American accommodation.
- We still live in a bi-polar world — the U.S. and the Soviet Union — despite the rising influence of China, Japan, and Western Europe.

Bland promises

- Presidential candidates should not dismiss vital Middle East issues with bland promises of support for Israel, but should instead discuss the specifics of an American position.
- Western Europe has less control over major international affairs than ever before in modern times — a factor in weighing U.S. withdrawal from Europe.
- A U.S. presence is as crucial to South Korea as the American presence is to West Germany.
- The India-Pakistan war showed the need for a deterrent based upon a regional and world-wide military-political equilibrium.
- Asians should begin to consider America's "face" as the U.S. is expected to take account of theirs.
- Japan should not be expected to play "the American role" in Asia, although Japanese-U.S. ties are vital.
- The Nixon Administration's plan for resolving the Vietnam war, put to Hanoi last October, merits bi-partisan support.
- Those broad themes are contrasted with some of the "partial truths" gaining currency, especially but not only, amongst the Democrats. For example:

- Western Europe and Japan can bear a larger share of responsibility for international order and development.
- The internal unity and the international tactics of the Communist movement are dramatically altered, requiring new American approaches.
- That America since 1954 has acted as the world's policeman.
- That the U.S. has been guilty of an arrogance of power, with an uncontrollable urge to shape the lives of other peoples to its own values and institutions.
- That American foreign policy since 1945 has been continuously dominated by cold war paranoia and hence has rested upon fundamentally irrational and extremist premises.
- Perhaps the last two straw-men will be heard only in the campaigns of some Democratic candidates. But true or not, the first claim is one that many Americans believe, and all the candidates, including President Nixon running as the peacemaker, will be offering the American people a respite from the "policeman" role. The hope for a serious foreign policy debate, barring dramatic upsets, is a forlorn one.

Internal developments necessitate major shifts in American priorities with greatly increased attention being given to the "on-going" American revolution.

Total scene

If American interests are to be well served, the authors claim, future foreign policies and priorities between foreign and domestic arenas require realistic and comprehensive assessment of the total scene. The debate presently falls far short of these requirements.

The authors are particularly critical of the lack of serious debate on the Middle East. "Any American president taking office on January 1, 1973, can expect to find the Middle East problems as thorny and quite possibly, as dangerous to world peace as any which he will confront... Our candidates owe it to the American people to discuss the specifics of an American position in this area... It is not sufficient to dismiss the Middle East in a few well-chosen sentences, blandly promising support in varying degrees for the state of Israel."

The whole thrust of the paper and of the views of the six senators represents an effort to maintain an effective world role for the U.S. in the face of pressure from the public mood and the revisionist, neo-isolationist push in American foreign policy thinking.

Thus the scholars insist that there are three litmus tests for any candidate. His qualifications should be seriously questioned if he relies heavily on one or more of the three straw-men which distort the issues. These are:



Northern Ireland's Premier Brian Faulkner (right) is shown with British's Prime Minister Edward Heath at 10 Downing Street, Thursday night. Mr. Faulkner flew into London earlier in the day for emergency talks on Britain's Ulster peace package. (AP)

No peace moves in offing between India and Pakistan

By TREVOR DRIEBERG
Jerusalem Post Correspondent

NEW DELHI. — Early moves for a peace settlement between India and Pakistan do not seem likely at all, I have learnt from reliable informants here. Talks between President Bhutto and Prime Minister Indira Gandhi are even less likely than meetings of officials to prepare the way for a summit.

Both Mrs. Gandhi and Mr. Bhutto have repeatedly stressed the need for their countries to end the state of war between them and to try to build a foundation for lasting peace in the Indian sub-continent. But in the talks there are several wrinkles

that must be smoothed before talks can begin.

One is that terms for a genuine peace can be worked out only if Bangla Desh takes part in them, because Bangla Desh is a part of the sub-continent and was the cause of the recent India-Pakistan war.

I am told that Mr. Bhutto's refusal to recognize the new state stands in the way of three-nation talks in which Prime Minister Mujibur Rahman could also participate. The Pakistani leader's rejection of the Bangla Desh Government's demand that it be recognized is seen here as "refusing to recognize reality," and without such an approach talks would be useless.

India divides the issues of conflict with Pakistan into two classes. There are issues connected with an overall peace settlement, and these cannot be discussed without Bangla Desh. Among them is the return of the 74,000 Pakistani prisoners-of-war taken in the fighting in the former eastern province of Pakistan.

There are others, which concern only India and Pakistan, and these do not require earlier recognition of Bangla Desh or its participation for a settlement. Among the second type are the exchange of prisoners taken by each country in the fighting on the western and northwestern borders of India, and the restoration of each other's occupied territories.

But I am told that even this issue cannot be discussed because there are serious doubts whether Mr. Bhutto would be able to honour any commitments he makes. In Indian eyes, he has failed to bring about stable political conditions in Pakistan which guarantee his continuance in office much longer.

Pawn of military

Widespread unrest among industrial labour in West Pakistan and Sindh and the continued hostility of the warlike tribesmen in the northwest frontier provinces and in Baluchistan make his position shaky. It is generally believed here that Mr. Bhutto is not his own master and sits on the orders of a group of top military officers who prefer to pull strings from backstage.

General Tikka Khan's recent promotion to Chief of Staff is said to have been decided by this group, which has come to occupy an increasingly dominant place in decision-making in Islamabad. Reliable sources here say the group is dissatisfied with Mr. Bhutto's performance so far in effecting some sort of economic and political stability in Pakistan.

Its spokesmen are believed to have warned him that he must produce results soon if he wishes to hold his position as head of state. But they are stuck with him because there is no other civilian who can fill his role, and the only alternative is a return to dictatorship.

India does not want to see a return to open military rule in Pakistan. It would like to see Mr. Bhutto continue in office provided he ends martial law, sets up popular governments in Islamabad and the four provinces, and cuts down the military machine to a size in keeping with Pakistan's shrunken area, population and economic resources.

India would also like Mr. Bhutto to make clear his views on Kashmir. New Delhi firmly holds the opinion that this territory is not negotiable, and the only issue between India and Pakistan on this count is drawing an international

boundary in place of the existing cease-fire line.

Reports from Islamabad that Mr. Bhutto received secret pledges of support against India from the Soviet leaders when he visited Moscow last week are interpreted as a feeble bid to boost his waning prestige, both among the people of Pakistan and the generals with whose support he rules.

Time is running out for the head of the Pakistan People's Party, and he is sending frantic signals for help to New Delhi. Such assistance can only be meaningful if it is certain that it will pull Mr. Bhutto out of the mess in which he has landed himself.

Meanwhile, there is no evidence of efforts on the part of the U.S. Government to iron out its differences with the Indian Government. Confirmation sought for a news agency report from Washington quoting Assistant Secretary of State Joseph Sisco in this connection has been met with a denial here.

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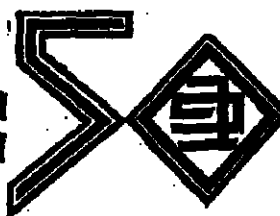
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TOTALS OF 1971 BALANCE SHEETS IN IL MILLIONS

	1970	1971
BANK HAPOALIM B.M.	4,090	6,673
"AMPAL" AMERICAN ISRAEL CORPORATION (and affiliated companies)	420	479
HOUSING MORTGAGE BANK LTD.	341	413
THE ISRAEL AMERICAN INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BANK LTD.	216	270
JAPHET BANK LTD.	205	350
"GMUL" LTD. INVESTMENT COMPANY	993	1,015
BIZUO LTD.	683	1,015
TEUDA, HEVRA L'HANPAKOT B.M.	209	366
NIB LTD.	130	150
INVESTMENT COMPANY OF BANK HAPOALIM LTD. (and subsidiary companies)	62	88
SEVERANCE PAY FUNDS MANAGED BY BANK HAPOALIM B.M.	157	245
PUBLIC BUILDINGS LTD.	16	17
"YAHAV" GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES FUND LTD.	29	38
Total balances	7,446	11,260



BANK HAPOALIM B.M.

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st DECEMBER, 1971

31.12.70	I.L.	I.L.	I.L.	I.L.
		Authorized	Issued and fully paid-up	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES:				
Share Capital:				
100 Founders' Shares, I.L.1.-each	100	100	100	
1,200,000 Ordinary Shares, I.L.5.- "	1,200,000	1,200,000	1,200,000	
35,963,653 " " " 1.- "	35,963,653	93,899,900	52,102,415	
3,750,000 10% Cumulative Preferred Ordinary Shares, I.L.10.-each 5% Cumulative	3,750,000	3,750,000	3,750,000	
1,150,000 Preference Shares, I.L.5.- each	1,150,000	1,150,000	1,150,000	
42,063,753	42,063,753	100,000,000	58,202,515	
Reserve for Proposed Distribution of Bonus Shares	17,935,662		8,182,731	
Share Premium Account	15,795,134		30,396,903	
General Reserve and unappropriated profit	75,794,549		16,715,359	
			113,497,508	
DEPOSITS AND OTHER ACCOUNTS:				
Demand deposits (including subsidiary companies I.L.1,632,100; 1970: I.L. 961,829)	420,522,185	628,964,754		
Time and saving deposits (including subsidiary companies I.L.620,843)	1,248,385,096	1,001,980,678		
Deposits and loans from Banking Institutions	278,041,119	675,416,511		
Government deposits, for loan purposes	324,847,079	464,929,375		
Other deposits, for loan purposes (including deposits for many years by wholly owned subsidiary companies, I.L.1,133,356,237; 1970: I.L.666,582,606)	1,145,779,994	1,946,697,644		
Deposits and funds borrowed from Bank of Israel and Banking Institutions, for loan purposes	125,810,247	306,210,710		
Other accounts (including Inner Reserves and proposed dividend)	157,016,663	316,120,637		
3,700,402,383	3,700,402,383	6,140,320,309		
LIABILITIES ON ACCOUNT OF CUSTOMERS (see contra):				
60,673,612 Bills re-discounted and acceptances	60,673,612	94,174,830		
161,472,356 Documentary credits	161,472,356	179,764,799		
91,574,135 Guarantees and other liabilities	91,574,135	151,620,905		
313,720,103	313,720,103	425,560,534		
4,089,917,035	4,089,917,035	6,679,378,351		

31.12.70	I.L.	I.L.	I.L.
CASH AND BALANCES WITH BANK OF ISRAEL AND BANKING INSTITUTIONS:			
618,588,297*	618,588,297*	1,423,984,993	
SECURITIES:			
158,478,844	158,478,844	223,127,258	
177,882,981	177,882,981	212,934,953	
60,427,327	60,427,327	112,265,772	
396,789,152	396,789,152	548,327,983	
LOANS, BILLS DISCOUNTED AND OTHER ACCOUNTS:			
Less provision for doubtful debts: Loans and bills discounted (including subsidiary companies I.L.3,865,410; 1970: I.L.3,174,798)			
1,051,270,114*	1,051,270,114*	1,393,131,849	
1,562,623,036	1,562,623,036	2,575,168,342	
110,640,319*	110,640,319*	266,698,580	
2,724,533,469	2,724,533,469	4,234,998,771	
BANK PREMISES, OTHER PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT:			
At cost, less depreciation:			
36,286,014	36,286,014	46,506,070	
CUSTOMERS' LIABILITIES (see contra):			
60,673,612	60,673,612	94,174,830	
161,472,356	161,472,356	179,764,799	
91,574,135	91,574,135	151,620,905	
313,720,103	313,720,103	425,560,534	
4,089,917,035	4,089,917,035	6,679,378,351	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1971

1. Securities:
A. Debentures:
1. In accordance with directives issued by the Israel Examiner of Banks in connection with the recording of linkage differences on debentures and deposits in approved saving schemes, the method of recording of such differences was changed as follows:
Linkage differences on approved investment debentures and on deposits in saving schemes, bearing, by option, maximum interest or interest and linkage differences, whichever is higher, were included in interest income and expense and they are accounted for at the higher of the above calculations.
Linkage differences on securities held for trading were also included in income under the caption "Other income (net)" from operations in securities held for trading". These securities are stated at cost plus interest and linkage differences or market value, whichever is lower.
Had last year's Financial Statements been prepared in accordance with the above new method of recording, the effect of the change in the method in the Balance Sheet and on the net profit (before taking into account the taxes on income) would have been immaterial.
Linkage differences, as above, which relate to previous years were included in the ordinary income and expense of the financial year.

2. These debentures were, therefore, stated in the financial statements as follows:
a) Approved investment debentures - at cost.
b) Debentures for trading - at cost or market, whichever is lower, according to the above calculation.
c) Other quoted debentures - at cost or market, whichever is lower, and unquoted debentures - at cost.
d) Linkage differences and interest accrued on debentures and deposits in saving schemes are included in the Balance Sheet under the captions "Other accounts".

3. In the following table, accrued interest and linkage differences on debentures, which are included in the Balance Sheet, as aforesaid, under the captions "Other accounts", were added to the cost of the debentures as stated in the Balance Sheet.

31st December, 1971			
Unquoted	Quoted	Market value	
I.L.	I.L.	I.L.	
At cost and accrued interest and linkage differences	At cost and accrued interest and linkage differences	Market value	
		whichever is lower	
		I.L.	

(1) Approved investment debentures:			
Israel Government obligations	54,276,920	195,088,252	188,071,408
Subsidiary companies	74,894,317		2,818,734
Others	50,152,312	130,191,612	138,647,736
Total	184,323,549	325,279,864	327,517,878

(2) Other debentures:			
Israel Government obligations	34,287,768	7,501,564	7,589,752
Others	924,121	2,611,346	2,818,734
Total	35,211,889	10,112,910	10,408,486
Grand Total	219,535,438	335,392,774	337,926,364

The above are stated in the Balance Sheet in the items:

	I.L.	I.L.
Israel Government obligations	223,127,258	
Other debentures	212,934,953	
Accrued interest and linkage differences - included in "Other accounts"	127,862,997	
Total	563,925,108	

31st December, 1970			
Unquoted	Quoted	Market value	
I.L.	I.L.	I.L.	
At cost and accrued interest	At cost and accrued interest	Market value	
		whichever is lower	
		I.L.	

(1) Approved investment debentures:			
Israel Government obligations	118,366,440	33,260,180	34,523,514
Subsidiary companies	42,504,684		
Others	47,377,354	187,348,853	112,952,249
Total	208,248,478	140,609,033	147,475,763

(2) Other debentures:			
Israel Government obligations	23,853,302	4,601,975	6,658,370
Others	2,116,517	3,724,790	5,835,968
Total	25,969,819	8,326,765	12,494,338
Grand Total	234,218,297	150,935,798	160,000,101

The above are stated in the Balance Sheet in the items:

	I.L.	I.L.
Israel Government obligations	158,478,844	
Other debentures	177,882,981	
Accrued interest - included in "Other accounts"	48,927,275	
Total	385,350,100	

B. Shares:

Quoted shares are stated at cost or market value, whichever is lower. Unquoted shares are stated at cost.

31st December, 1971			
Unquoted	Quoted	Total	
I.L.	I.L.	I.L.	
Shares of subsidiary companies	87,468,804	2,339,221	89,808,025
Shares of other companies	13,284,572	9,173,178	22,457,750
Total	100,753,376	11,512,399	112,265,772

On behalf of the Board of Directors:
Chairman of the Board of Directors: A. Zabarsky
Chairman of the Board of Management: J. Levinson
Managing Directors:
E. Avnerov M. Olenik
A. Dickstein R. Rabinov
E. Margalit

31st December, 1970			
Unquoted	Quoted	Total	
I.L.	I.L.	I.L.	
Shares of subsidiary companies	46,869,291	82,777	46,952,068
Shares of other companies	10,519,959	2,952,384	13,472,343
Total	57,389,250	3,035,161	60,424,411

Shares amounting to I.L. 7,117,883 are registered in the name of nominees including payments for shares not yet allotted, amounting to I.L. 5,000,000; 1970: I.L. 7,000,000.

2. On 22nd August, 1971 the rate of exchange of the Israel Pound to the U.S. Dollar was changed to \$1.00 = I.L. 4.20. Liabilities and assets in foreign currency or linked to the rate of the U.S. Dollar are stated in the Financial Statements at the above official rate or at other corresponding rates, and those linked to the Cost of Living Index are stated at the index of November, 1971, except securities, which are stated as explained in Note 1 above. The differences arising from the change in the rate of exchange, set, as aforesaid, were included in the Statement of Profit and Loss as "Operating income".

3. The Bank's London branch is subject to the rules, regulations and supervision of the Bank of England.

4. "Bank premises, other property and equipment" include additions, rental rights and payments on account. The buildings are registered partly in the name of the Bank at the Land Registry. There is a commitment in respect of buildings under construction, amounting to I.L. 7,400,000. Depreciation of bank premises, other property and equipment is based on the estimated useful lives of the respective assets, computed, at accepted rates, on the straight-line method.

5. The item "Deposits and funds borrowed from Bank of Israel and Banking Institutions, for loan purposes" includes amounts received from Bank of Israel in connection with the financing of the General Export Fund. On the other hand, the Bank's deposits with the Bank of Israel in connection therewith, are included in the item "Cash and balances with Bank of Israel and Banking Institutions".

6. With respect to financial company's losses acquired by the Bank, arrangements have been made with other parties whereby the income therefrom is directly applied to their coverage.

7. The Bank's liability for the employees' pension is covered by the amount accumulated in Keren Hagimulat Haimorastai Shol Ovdel Hahisadufim Ltd. There is a contingent liability for additional severance pay payment in case of dismissal. However, according to the Bank's experience in previous years, the yearly amount of such additional payments is not material, and the management does not consider it necessary to make a special provision for this purpose.

8. As customary in Israel, the Bank has guaranteed to members of four Provident Funds (limited companies), managed by it, in respect of the repayment of the deposits - principal only - on their respective maturity dates. In respect of the others, the repayment of the deposits principal only - less amounts which the Funds are entitled to deduct. At Balance Sheet date, the assets of these Funds, including accrued interest and other income thereon, are mostly invested in debentures and their value exceeds substantially the amount guaranteed by the Bank, as aforesaid.

9. There are commitments and liabilities as follows:

A. In respect of acquisition of shares on which no call has been made, amounting to I.L. 2,090,000.
B. In respect of an option granted to others to sell in the Bank shares of a subsidiary company, amounting to I.L. 998,570.
C. In respect of forward contracts for the purchase and sale of foreign currencies, amounting to I.L. 9 million.

10. A. Final Income Tax Assessments were received up to and including the tax year 1969 (the year ended 31st December, 1969).
B. Taxes relating to the dividends declared in the financial year were deducted from the provision for taxation.

11. Statement pursuant to Section 107 (9) of the Companies Ordinance, 1959:

The profits of the subsidiary companies were included in the Bank's accounts insofar as dividends were declared by them in the financial year.

23rd January, 1972

Haft & Haft, Certified Public Accountants (Int.)



A tourist looks on as a friend gets inoculation against fowl diseases at Moshe Bet Herat. (Goldberg)

Highlights of 1970 national wage survey

By Dr. MOSHE ATZER
Jerusalem Post Economic Editor

THE Central Statistical Bureau's sample survey of employees' income in 1970 has been published, and at an appropriate time, just as wage issues are very much in the limelight.

To be sure, the current wage level — including the increment agreed in the recent "package deal" — is almost 30 per cent above the 1970 average. But the wage structure did not materially change, and most of the findings of two years ago are still of topical importance.

This refers in particular to the difference between the wage rate and wage income, or between the pay an employee gets for, say, one work-hour and his weekly or annual wage. We often presume that people work — more or less — the same number of hours a week, and the same number of weeks a year. But this is not true — not even in egalitarian Israel. In 1970 the number of work-hours per week ranged from 46.5 for male workers in transport to 29 for female workers in service industries. The number of weeks worked per annum ranged between 51 for male senior executives and 31 for female agricultural labourers, mainly Arabs.

Obviously these differences alone must lead to substantial annual wage differentials, even if equal wage rates were paid. Therefore, discussion of, say, monthly wage differentials hardly make sense without keeping in mind the amount of time worked. Thus, the 30 per cent of the annual wage differential between male and female workers appears to have been due to the difference in their labour input.

Another point revealed by the survey is the relative stability of the national wage structure, notwithstanding the steadily changing differentials between individual wages. This stability is achieved, due to the fact that a wage advance which takes place in one sector brings in its wake a similar move in other sectors — after a while.

As a result, the differentials created in one year are more or less evened out in the course of the next year or two. Thus, the average weekly wage of agricultural workers increased by 15 per cent between 1968 and 1969, while that of industrial workers advanced only five per cent. But in 1970 the wheel turned, and over the two years the respective wage hikes were 17 and 12 per cent, respectively.

If the comparison is extended to comprise a four-year period (1968-1971) one finds (according to the Institute for Research on Output and Income) that wages — per work-hour — in industry and agriculture advanced at just about the same average annual rate of nine per cent. The maintenance of wage differentials operates as a mighty inflationary lever, eventually defeating the trade unions' original purpose.

Different origins
The survey also showed that wages of people of European origin who immigrated before the establishment of the State were about one third above the general wage average, while wages of immigrants from Arab countries since 1965, and their descendants, as well as of non-Jewish workers, were about one third below the average.

Women's wages averaged only 57 per cent of the men's average (on an annual basis), but part of the difference was due to their shorter work-time. The survey shows that 19 per cent of the wage-earners were receiving wages up to IL3,000 a year which accounted for only four per cent of the wage bill total. These figures, concerning the situation in 1970, may indicate the approximate share of workers currently receiving wages below the intended minimum. On the other hand, over 12 per cent of the wage earners were earning wages of over IL12,500 a year, which accounted for 29 per cent of the wage bill total.

The "Lorentz Index," a tool used by economists, shows that inequality in the distribution of wage incomes declined between 1968-69 and 1970. However, compared with the previous period a rising trend of inequality is evident, and it stands to reason that it has gained further ground in the past year.

To be sure, this development has been partly caused by high wages which owner-workers — members of transport cooperatives, shareholders, managers, etc. — pay to themselves. But one may doubt whether this factor has been of major importance. It seems that wage differentials have been increasing under the pressure of potent economic and social forces which have not yet been adequately studied. One factor contributing to that trend is probably the very progressive income tax, which affects high-wage earners, but not persons in the lower income brackets.

If net — not gross — wages are considered, the extent of inequality is doubtless much smaller than shown by the survey, and one may guess that it has not been significantly increasing, at least as far as cash wages are concerned (i.e. if expense accounts and non-cash fringe benefits are not taken into account). Nevertheless, the issue remains very much alive, and the current wage debate cannot be properly understood without this background, though the Histadrut — which should be most anxious to put it into proper perspective — has hitherto done its best to avoid discussing it.

Psychology convention today

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — ISRAELI psychologists direct their main effort to scientific research rather than to immediate social problems, Tel Aviv University psychologists told the press here last week. They called newsmen in to announce the 12th convention of the Israel Psychological Association, on campus here today on Sunday. It will last three days.

The conference organizers said that in a small and poor state such as Israel, the practical solution for pressing social problems ought to take precedence. The situation today, however, is not entirely the fault of the psychologists, they pointed out. Their numbers are small, and public and governmental agencies lack the orientation that would lead them to employ trained psycholo-

gists in the solution of human problems.

A demand for the service of psychologists, at present, exists mainly in the school system, where some 40 posts are now vacant. The demand there has grown since the school reform planners stipulated that junior high schools must use the services of trained guidance counselors to advise the pupils on the most suitable course of studies.

The army is also an employer of psychologists, as are hospitals. Awareness of the services they can render is growing in industry, particularly in productivity studies and personnel relations. Employment agencies and immigrant absorption centres, however, have hardly made any use of the professional psychological manpower available, the psychologists pointed out.

Gahal's Ehrlich: Labour bill discriminates against public workers

By DAVID KRIVINE
Jerusalem Post Economic Correspondent

I VOTED against the Labour Disputes Bill because it discriminates between the public and private sectors," Knesset member Simcha Ehrlich, of Gahal told The Jerusalem Post this week.

"Under the bill strikers can be sued for breach of contract only if they are employed by the Government. In other branches they can tear up the contract with impunity," he said. "I think the Bill is a step in the right direction, but it's wrongly conceived." Gahal would prefer compulsory arbitration for all disputes, before they reach strike stage.

Questioned about a notice in the press that Gahal demands a minimum wage of IL525 a month (instead of IL425 as agreed by employers and the Histadrut), Mr. Ehrlich explained that the notice was put in by the Gahal faction in the Histadrut. "This does not represent the policy of the parliamentary party. In fact, it was a hasty, ill-considered decision (adopted by one vote, incidentally)."

"But Gahal cannot promote one policy in the Knesset, and another in the Histadrut, and another in the Government. We do not clamp down relentlessly on our Histadrut members — unless there is a radical departure from the faction's programme, as in the present case." Sealing my scepticism, he added: "One does not have to be so rigid in opposition as would be necessary if we were in the Government. We do favour a minimum wage in principle, but not such a big leap forward. It is questionable whether even the increment agreed on by the employers can be applied in

all small firms throughout the economy. They are already saddled with the 6 per cent employers' loan, which drains away funds that they should be using for working capital, at a time when bank loans cost 18 and 20 per cent."

He is not pleased that the Government pays IL5.04 a dollar to exporters and only IL4.20 to other holders of foreign currency. "But paying more would cause inflation," he pointed out. Gahal has other recipes for combating inflation. Mr. Ehrlich opposes deficit budgeting. He would augment indirect levies, by introducing the added value tax, and would do away with subsidies, "which cost the country IL400m. a year," he pointed out.

Surplus workers should be eliminated from the civil service and elsewhere. "There is 10 per cent concealed unemployment in the public sector," he estimated. They should not be dismissed all at once, but according to a staged programme, releasing manpower for industries which are labour-hungry, thanks to the present situation of full employment.

"And if the workers' committee say no?" I asked. He reacted without hesitation. "I'll go on the barricades, over that issue — and the public will support us. We would be ready to create a special office on worker mobility." Mr. Ehrlich believes in private enterprise. "Sell the Electricity Company," he advocated. "But that would be a monopoly in private hands," I protested. "Break it up into two companies and let them compete," he answered. "Create two TV stations, one public, one private."

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THE BANK OF ISRAEL announces:
Today, Sunday, March 26, 1972 a new series — Kesh-Aleph of Development Loan will be issued.

Amount of the Issue
— will be IL10 million. Bonds are issued in denominations of IL100 and upwards.

Base Index
— will be 128.2 points.

Redemption and Interest
— the bonds are redeemable after 5 years. Income will be paid according to the highest amount of the two alternatives:

A. Principal and Interest linked
— to consumer price index, according to calculated compound interest of 4.54%; that is, IL26.66. To this amount are added linkage differentials on principal and interest.

B. Principal and Interest non-linked
— according to calculated compound interest of 10.76%; that is, IL66.66.

In either case, an income of at least IL50 net for each IL100 is assured.

Tax is limited
— income tax on the interest will not exceed 25%. Linkage differentials on capital are exempt from income tax.

The bonds are available
— at all banks and from members of the Stock Exchange. Purchases at the time of issue are exempt from commission.

Certificates are available
— within a month from the date of issue.

Registration at the Stock Exchange
— the new series bonds will be registered and traded on the Stock Market; thus, if necessary, bonds may be realized at any time, even before the final redemption date.

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AIR FRANCE

משרד התחבורה
הודעות אגף הרישוי

MINISTRY OF TRANSPORT
Licensing Office

TRANSFER OF OWNERSHIP OF VEHICLES

In order to simplify the procedures of registration of ownership transfer, owners of motor scooters, motorcycles, cars and delivery vans up to 4,000 kg., not subject to transfer limitations, may now register the transfer of ownership at all branches of the following banks, as well as at the licensing offices:

Bank Otsar Mehavayl
Discount Bank
Postal Bank
United Mizrahi Bank
Bank Hapoalim
Bank Leumi Le-Israel
Foreign Trade Bank
Arab-Israel Bank

Special bills of sale have been prepared for this purpose at a nominal value of IL50. — for motor scooters and motorcycles, and of IL100. — for cars and delivery vans operated by petrol.

The bill of sale has been made out in the form of a statement, which the buyer of the vehicle has to submit for approval to a body or a person authorized to receive statements: a Court, a lawyer, the head of a Local Council. For verification of the bill of sale the buyer must bring with him his identity card, driver's licence and insurance policy.

After approval of the statement, the buyer may submit the bill of sale to one of the aforementioned banks and pay the registration fee for transfer of ownership, upon which he will receive a temporary licence confirming the transfer. This licence should be attached to the driver's licence.

DAVID YACHIN, Licensing Office

MINISTRY OF HEALTH

SCHOOL FOR PHYSIOTHERAPY OF ASSAF HAROFE HOSPITAL, ZRIFIN

announces

REGISTRATION FOR THE 20th COURSE
TO START IN SEPTEMBER 1972

Candidates, with Bagrut diploma, 18-30 years old, after or released from army service, should apply to the secretariat of the School, Assaf Harofe Hospital, Zrifin, not later than May 30, 1972.

How to handle strikes in administered areas

The High Court of Justice, by majority decision discharged an order nisi calling upon the Officer in Charge of Labour Affairs, Judea and Samaria, to show cause why he should not rescind his decision to appoint an Arbitration Council.

Under the Jordanian Labour Law, as amended in 1965, which is operative in Judea and Samaria, the process for settling labour disputes is set out as follows: when a dispute first occurs, an arbitrator-intermediary must be appointed to try and get the parties to reach an agreement. If he fails he must report to the Minister of Labour who may then transfer the matter to an Arbitration Council whose function is to try to settle the matter in an amicable manner. If they do not succeed in doing so then the Minister must refer the dispute to an Industrial Court, whose decision is final.

In accordance with the same law, employees who wish to go on strike or employers who wish to stage a lock-out must give 14 days' notice in advance of their intention (or 25 days if the enterprise is a public one). Any infringement of this provision is punishable. If a strike is declared, after the expiry of the period of notice, then it must be stopped once the dispute has been referred to the Arbitration Council. The Arbitration Council must, in accordance with the Jordanian law, comprise an independent chairman to be appointed by the Minister of Labour and two additional members to be chosen by the workers' and employers' associations respectively. As, however, there were no workers' or employers' associations in Jordan up to 1967 the provisions of the Labour Law with respect to the appointment of an Arbitration Council remained *lex imperfecta*.

In the Supreme Court sitting as High Court of Justice
Before Deputy President (Justice Sussman), Justices Cohn and Kahn.
The Christian Society for the Holy Places, Petitioner, v. Officer in Charge of Labour Affairs, Judea and Samaria, and Others, Respondents (H.C. 357/71).

LAW REPORT

Edited by Doris Lankin

SUNDAY, MARCH 26, 1972

JORDANIAN METHOD OF SETTLING LABOUR DISPUTES

The petitioners, a society with headquarters in the U.S., run a hospital in Bethlehem, in addition to their other activities. In April, 1970, a dispute broke out between the Director of the hospital and 75 of the 119 employees, who demanded that their wages be paid on time, that a workers' committee be appointed and that they be granted sick leave. As a result of this dispute, the 79 workers concerned went out on strike and were subsequently dismissed by the Director of the hospital.

The matter eventually came to the knowledge of the Officer in Charge of Labour Affairs for Judea and Samaria — the respondent in the present case — who declared it to be a labour dispute and instituted proceedings for settling it in accordance with the Jordanian Labour Law. After the arbitrator whom he had appointed failed to get an agreement between the parties, the Officer decided to wield the powers vested in the Jordanian Minister of Labour, and transfer the dispute to an Arbitration Council. However, he was immediately confronted with the problem that there were no workers' and employers' organizations — which had to appoint two members of the council under the Law. In order to solve this problem he initiated

an amendment of the Jordanian Labour Law by means of an Order issued by the Military Commander of Judea and Samaria to the effect that, in the absence of workers' and employers' organizations, the members of the Arbitration Council, other than the chairman, may be appointed by the management and workers respectively of the enterprise where the dispute exists, or alternatively by the Officer in Charge of Labour Affairs.

When the latter instituted proceedings for the appointment of an Arbitration Council under this Order the Society took exception to this step and petitioned the High Court of Justice, their counsel arguing that the Order was *ultra vires* article 43 of the Hague Convention of 1907, which provides in effect that: "The authority of the power of the State having passed *de facto* into the hands of the occupant, the latter shall do all in his power to restore, and ensure, as far as possible, public order and civil life, respecting at the same time, unless absolutely prevented, the laws in force in the country."

The Society was granted an order nisi.

On the return day, Mr. S. Toussia-Cohen appeared for the petitioners, Mr. Y. Bar-Seis, Assistant State Attorney, and Miss Sierdowsky for the respondents.

Decision

Justice Sussman, who delivered the majority opinion of the High Court, Justice Kahn concurring, noted at the outset that he would not enter into the merits of the question of whether an international convention could be invoked in an internal dispute between a State and its citizens, as the respondent's representative had declined to raise this question, on the grounds that the Military Commander always acted in accordance with the terms of the Hague Convention and claimed to have done so also in the particular case under consideration.

Turning to the petitioners' first argument against the validity of the Military Governor's Order — that the Hague Convention prohibits the making of retroactive penal provisions by the occupant power — Justice Sussman dismissed it on the grounds that as the petitioners had not declared a lock-out there was no question of their being punished; and even if the petition-

ers should be brought before a court for any infringement of the Labour Law at any time this would be the appropriate occasion to raise the question of retroactivity of the Order, if it were in fact retroactive. He then went on to discuss the significance of article 43 of the Hague Convention with reference to the opinions of leading international jurists and to decisions in relevant cases in other countries, concluding that when the legislation of an occupant power is subjected to the test of consistency with the provisions of this article, special importance must be attached to the motives for the legislation: that is whether the occupant power made the law for its own purposes or in its desire to preserve the social and economic life of the population. For all he agreed he noted that any legislation which does not have the interests of the local population in mind, is invalid and *ultra vires* article 43 of the Hague Convention.

He had no doubt whatsoever, Justice Sussman continued, that, just as the Military Commander of Judea and Samaria had been entitled to permit Israel lawyers to appear before the courts of the administered areas in order to prevent complete paralysis of the work of those courts (see *Jabry v. Khirim*, International Law Reports, 42/494) so had he been entitled to make provisions for appointing persons to the Arbitration Council in order to ensure the workability of an institution established by Jordanian law.

In short, Justice Sussman held that, as long as the laws in force in the areas do not enable the military government to fulfil its duty towards the interests of the local inhabitants, this constitutes "absolute prevention" within the meaning of article 43 of the Hague Convention, entitling it to change these laws. The Military Commander had, therefore, not overstepped the powers vested in him by article 43 as all he had done had been to complete the machinery set up by the Jordanian legislator for settling labour disputes, and thus make it workable.

In conclusion, Justice Sussman noted that, as the dispute had already broken out in April, 1970, and the workers concerned had already been dismissed in May of that year, it was very likely that many of them had found alternative employment, and that they had all long since been replaced. In the circumstances, therefore, he thought that the respondent should first find out which of the dismissed workers wished to return to work in the petitioner's hospital; and only if there were any such, should he appoint an Arbitration Council which might succeed in finding a solution to all the problems, or else return the matter to the respondent for reference to an Industrial Court.

With this reservation, the order nisi should be discharged, he held. (To be continued)



Members of the contingent of New York Jewish policemen who came to Jerusalem for the Three-Day March are shown as they parade away from the Western Wall Thursday, after a visit to the site. Officer at left, who is Chaplain of the Jewish policemen's Shomrim Society, wears a sash during the visit. At bottom left, Inspector Gertrude Schimmel of the New York police at the Wall. (The Post Staff)



GOREN WARNS OF 'TERROR'

TEL AVIV. — Tel Aviv Chief Rabbi Shlomo Goren last week warned of the existence of a group of ultra-Orthodox extremists who are seeking to terrorize the religious establishment into accepting their views.

Rabbi Goren, whose home was the target of an unsuccessful attempt at arson, said in an interview appearing in the latest issue of "Oz" the Labour Party weekly: "This violence could destroy any attempt at independent rabbinical thinking in this country."

Air Force wants to save Sde Dov Airport

Jerusalem Post Aviation Correspondent: LOD AIRPORT. — The Israel Air Force objects to the liquidation of Sde Dov, Tel Aviv's municipal airport. The Jerusalem Post learned from well-informed sources here, last week.

The Air Force stand is believed to have been a decisive counter-argument to Tel Aviv Municipality's insistence that the field be cleared and released for housing and other construction projects. Municipality engineers are contending that the airport is a major noise and air pollution nuisance to inhabitants of the adjacent "Lamed" housing estates.

The airfield is now used by the Israel Air Force.

The Ministry of Transport has, for the time being, remained neutral on the subject. Its experts, however, have compiled a list of possible alternatives to a proposed runway to be built offshore, at an estimated cost of IL200m. (conceived by the Maron Aviation consultants company). Four of its five proposals call for partial retention of the Sde Dov facilities, while a fifth would see all of Arkia's fleet transferred to Lod, and the light aircraft would be operated out of a new landing strip to be built in the vicinity of the Geva express highway.

Experts here were quick to point out that the so-called Geva solution (cost IL74m.) would still have all of the aircraft flying over the most densely populated areas in the country — with the Arkia aircraft using the regular passenger liner entry and exit paths. Costs for the Geva solution are estimated to total IL150m.

ous alternatives vary between the IL74m. plan to IL440m. for retaining the Arkia fleet at Sde Dov. The off-shore project would cost an estimated IL200m., but according to its planners all of this sum would be recovered by the freeing of lands now covered by one of the runways and structures. The noise and pollution factor would be reduced to an absolute minimum, it is claimed.

Proponents of the off-shore strip also point out that cities the world over are now seriously exploring the possibilities of off-shore airfields. London is considering a futuristic floating airstrip to absorb the giant and super-size aircraft envisaged for the coming decades. Similar plans are reportedly under consideration by the New York and Chicago municipalities.

5 buildings added to Bat Yam hospital

BAT YAM. — Four new buildings and a school of nursing were dedicated at the Abarbanel Mental Hospital here last week. The buildings, which will house eight new departments, will add 240 beds to the hospital, bringing the total to 640 beds.

In a reception preceding the dedication ceremonies, Health Minister Viktor Shermov said the expansion would end overcrowding at the hospital, where 100 or more patients were sometimes required to sleep on mattresses on the floor because of lack of space. The five new buildings and a school of nursing will add 240 beds to the hospital, bringing the total to 640 beds.

Labour trouble blamed for bad postal service

Because of budget cuts and personnel problems, the increase in postal employees is less than a third of the rate of increase in the volume of work to be done. This, labour disputes and resulting strikes, and go-slows were among the reasons given by Communications Ministry officials to the Knesset Economic Committee for the deterioration of the mail service in recent years.

In its conclusions, the Committee noted that a letter between cities inside the country often takes as much as a week to be delivered, and public reliance on the mail service has been shaken.

The Committee was told by the Communications Ministry that the introduction of the zip code is expected to bring about some improvement, and that the Ministry

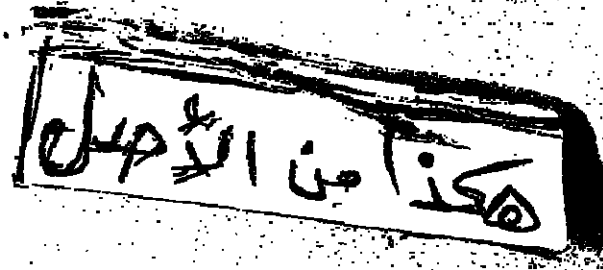
has been experimenting with an incentive pay system, which, it hopes, will increase the workers' salary, and output, by some 30 per cent.

The Ministry officials told the Committee 385,000 new telephone applications are expected in the next five years. In addition to 80,000 who are already waiting for phones. To satisfy the demand, they claimed, an investment of IL2.7 billion would be needed — and present budget conditions would not permit it.

The Committee recommended to the Government that it examine the possibility of farming out mail deliveries to contractors during critical periods, and of mobilizing public and private capital to finance expansion of the telephone service.

But when you're inside

4 LOUNGES FOR MOVIE FANS... AND A FIFTH ONE FOR THOSE IN SEARCH OF PEACE AND QUIET
SPACIOUS ROOM FOR 357 PASSENGERS TO SIT BACK AND RELAX
A COSY FIRST CLASS BAR UPSTAIRS
747 IN-FLIGHT SERVICE INCLUDES MEALS 'A-LA-FRANCAISE'
HELP-YOURSELF REFRESHMENT FACILITIES... AND OF COURSE THAT INDEFINABLE AMBIANCE THAT IS PARIS!



AS FROM APRIL 2nd: PARIS, NORTH AMERICA, THE

visitors' Gallery

Ernest Dichter



ERNEST DICHTER

Finding out what the customer really wants

You speak of "the image" of a company, an institution, a town, a country, as a product you are...

show the three makes on one picture and the invitation: 'look at all three'...

port hardly looked at him, offered him no greeting, no word of welcome, no smile...

Interview in depth

The ad asked the emotionally appealing question: "Do you remember when you drove your first car?"...

This is a typical example of the Dichter procedure on a sales problem. "Don't ask people to explain their behaviour. They don't know."

Dr. Dichter also believes that for a tourist and immigrant country we ought to have road signs in English as well...

Self-made man

Dr. Dichter has the realism of a self-made man. His Institute for Motivation Research was last year paid the handsome compliment of being bought by and merged into the Lehig Valley Industries, a multi-million dollar, diversified conglomerate...

Tourism doubled since the war

Jerusalem Post Economic Editor IN 1971 the number of tourists (including all types of visitors from abroad) exceeded 650,000 according to recently published statistics, twice as many as in 1948.

"Summer visitors" to East Jerusalem accounted for about one sixth of the total tourist traffic.

No statistics are available for the receipts from this source, but the figure of £117m, quoted as the administered areas' income from "foreign travel" (in 1970) is surely much too low.

Statistics show that the median stay of tourists in Israel has hardly changed over the past ten years. However, the stable average disguises two opposite trends: real tourists — who come for up to a couple of weeks — actually stay somewhat longer, but there are now fewer tourists staying longer than three months.

Readers' letters

Lod Airport service

To the Editor of the Jerusalem Post Sir, — Yesterday a group of us, some having come from Jerusalem, some from Netanya and others from Rishon LeZion, were at Lod Airport to meet a passenger arriving at 9:10 p.m.

To the Editor of the Jerusalem Post Sir, — Like many other Jerusalemites, I have often had difficulties and unpleasant experiences with Nesher's service to Lod airport. On many occasions, I have been told that they were not sending a taxi since there were not enough passengers or that the one being sent was already full up and there were not enough passengers for a second.

After our visitor had cleared customs, since we had soon to separate again to our respective parts of the country, we decided to go upstairs to the cafeteria for refreshments and a chat. It was 10:05 p.m. and the party of eight of us, some not so young, had no choice but to climb the 50 steps outside the building, only to discover that the cafeteria was closed.

It is, then, with great surprise that I read in The Jerusalem Post of March 10 that Nesher is fighting to keep the route. So it is worth their while, after all May 1 through the media of the press, urge the Jerusalem Labour Council, El Al Airlines, the Ministry of Tourism, and all other related and interested parties, to make sure that Nesher guarantees full and courteous service if they are again to be granted the concession on the route to Lod.

Lydda is a fine and busy international airport, but the refreshment facilities are, regrettably, conspicuously meagre. Why not an attractive accessible buffet, why not even a good-class restaurant, and surely at the very least, a notice at the foot of those 50 stairs stating opening hours.

Your reporters really should come here to record the "Rape of Rishon", when we came to live here in October 1971 it was to a quiet street of private homes, orange groves and even a tiny garden. Now the homes are systematically being obliterated and we are being choked in a dense forest of ugly tenements.

After three days in New York, Dr. Dichter had a job with a small market research company, Gallup had just started public opinion polls, but "in depth" interviews were totally unknown. His own boss wanted to have nothing to do with his new ideas and let him work on his own.

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PRAISE FOR LITTLE ENGLISH THEATRE

To the Editor of the Jerusalem Post Sir, — Yesterday I had an outstanding experience which I would like to share. I attended the latest performance of the Little English Theatre at the Z.O.A. House called "Take Two."

EBAN'S SLIP OF THE TONGUE

To the Editor of the Jerusalem Post Sir, — I think it's high time an end was put to the Abba Eban controversy. I am sure that his remark that after the Eichmann trial he is not interested in the hunting of Nazi criminals, was just an unfortunate slip of the tongue.

Since then his institutes have conducted 4,000 motivation research projects in North and South America, Europe, Australia and Africa.

I could not count the number of times I have encountered cyclists riding against the traffic down a one-way street (a favourite pastime of the three-wheeled bicycle delivery carts); ignoring the traffic lights or travelling at night without any form of lighting.

YAACOV ARDON

DOEA PADWA-AXELRAD Haifa, March 12.

In my course of duty I travel a lot and I have often the opportunity to see good plays in the U.S. and England. Very seldom, however, have I seen a play like "The Drapes Come," which was presented and executed with absolute perfection.

I think the two actors Nehama Weinberg and Ellen Hoffman rendered an outstanding performance by any international standard. The direction of the play by Nellie Lenson was superb and the execution is theatre at its best.

Statistics show that the median stay of tourists in Israel has hardly changed over the past ten years. However, the stable average disguises two opposite trends: real tourists — who come for up to a couple of weeks — actually stay somewhat longer, but there are now fewer tourists staying longer than three months.

I would if the Ministry is aware of the harvest of horror they are sowing here. Surely they could plan a bit better?

Often I see readers' letters which are highly critical of events and situations, but seldom have I seen positive reactions about local events. Let me, therefore, try to express my sincerest thanks to the Little English Theatre for an outstanding event.

Her tomb, too, was brutally destroyed at the time of the Jordanian administration in East Jerusalem. No remains were found during the partial restoration of the cemetery after June 1967 — only the stone carrying the poetess' name in big Hebrew letters. It was lying in a ditch next to the roadside, covered by weeds, obviously pushed there by a bulldozer.

E.W. FRANKFURT Savyon, March 13.

IVAN BENJAMIN Ramat Aviv, March 1.

THE LANDLORD'S LOT

To the Editor of the Jerusalem Post Sir, — With reference to your article today concerning controlled rents in business premises, I regret to point out that the rent increases which were authorized by law in 1971 were not 120 per cent to 140 per cent as stated in your article. The figures should refer to maximum increases in rent which have to be spread out equally over four years and are further reduced for those tenants who had paid key money within eight years or who had made improvements in their premises.

In actual practice, however, judges of rent tribunals have rarely seen fit to award maximum increases in rent and the Government itself is not included in the category of tenants who are presumed sufficiently wealthy to pay economic rents.

The landlords' lot is still not a happy one. DR. HABEER A. KHAYAT Haifa, March 13.

RAPE OF RISHON

To the Editor of the Jerusalem Post Sir, — I was delighted by the remark: "A thousand years, hence people will know that the Ministry of Housing architects passed here," in the article on the Hebron settlement in the Week-end Magazine of February 25.

Your reporters really should come here to record the "Rape of Rishon", when we came to live here in October 1971 it was to a quiet street of private homes, orange groves and even a tiny garden. Now the homes are systematically being obliterated and we are being choked in a dense forest of ugly tenements. There is no provision whatsoever for children air, trees, schools, grass or even cars.

I wonder if the Ministry is aware of the harvest of horror they are sowing here. Surely they could plan a bit better?

MRS. SHIRLEY RAPOPORT Rishon LeZion, March 14.

ELSE LASKER-SCHUELER'S TOMBSTONE

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post Sir, — Referring to the correspondence on Henrietta Szold's tombstone on the Mount of Olives (February 23 and March 1), it should be mentioned that the tombstone with-out a tomb next to it is that of Else Lasker-Schueler, the great Jewish poetess who was born in Germany and who died in Jerusalem on January 22, 1945.

Her tomb, too, was brutally destroyed at the time of the Jordanian administration in East Jerusalem. No remains were found during the partial restoration of the cemetery after June 1967 — only the stone carrying the poetess' name in big Hebrew letters. It was lying in a ditch next to the roadside, covered by weeds, obviously pushed there by a bulldozer.

ERIO GOTTGEBERU Jerusalem, March 6.

Large advertisement for Air France featuring a globe, illustrations of various cities and people, and the slogan 'it's «la vie en rose!»'. Includes text like 'AIR FRANCE', 'Duty free Shop', 'Holy Wood', 'Paris', 'USA', 'NIPPON', 'FRANCE', 'JERUSALEM POST', 'GITANES', 'L'J', 'AIR EAST BY B747 AIR FRANCE'.

AR EAST BY B747 AIR FRANCE

Honolulu becoming 'sordid suburb of Los Angeles'

By CHARLES FOLEY
HONOLULU (Otns). —
WHATEVER happened to the South Sea island paradise where the mangoes fell into the languid hands of Gauguine beauties clad in sarongs and wreathed with flowery lei?

Something of that atmosphere survives: Hawaii, after all, has 122 islands scattered in a jewelled chain across the Pacific, and you may still find unspoiled beauty. But on Oahu island, home of Pearl Harbour, Honolulu city and more than 50 per cent of the 50th state's population, the problems of modern life have arrived with a vengeance.

"We are turning Honolulu into a sordid suburb of Los Angeles," laments a former Lieutenant-Governor of Hawaii. At the same time the president of a leading U.S. airline cheerfully predicts that in the coming decade, this crowded, burgeoning city will emerge as "a Chicago at the crossroads of the Pacific."

Chicago was made a communications hub of the U.S. by the advent of the railroads. Since 1960 the big jets have been doing something si-

milar for Honolulu. Towering high-rises hide the beach at Waikiki. There is dense traffic (worse than Los Angeles at times) and even smog. Some of the urban developments is hideous. Raw sewage is ejected into the blue ocean five miles off the coast. Garbage litters the sandy cove where Deborah Kerr and Burt Lancaster once set American imaginations aglow with that notorious (in its day) romp in the movie "From Here to Eternity."

In the past, Hawaii — a melting-pot of nationalities and racial groups — has been notably free from prejudice; but progress has brought with it discrimination, in the form of open hatred and even physical attacks against the young Americans who have come here in thousands over the last three years. These long-haired, pot-smoking refugees from the consumer-culture seek a life of peace, love and welfare handouts in a climate suited to the demands of the current back-to-the-earth mystique. They find that Hawaiians distrust and dislike "hippies" for all the usual Middle American reasons.

They are "parasites in Paradise."

grumbles one political leader. They will not work, they steal the pineapples, they spread V.D. "The Honolulu Star-Bulletin" says that more than half the state's welfare applicants have been here for less than a year. A petition to deport all "hippie free-loaders" gathers 1,500 signatures.

"It isn't," says Councilman Joseph Bulgo of Maui, "as if we had no problems of our own without these unproductive, untidy and unclean people polluting the islands."

Worse still, the love children have nothing to spend, and the free-spending tourist is second only to the U.S. military complex on Hawaii as a source of revenue. In 1970, a record 1,600,000 visitors came to play and spend in the islands, and if last year's total was slightly down due to the recession, an annual figure of five million is confidently predicted in the second half of the seventies.

Although Japan is 4,000 miles away, a surprising number of Hawaii's tourists are Japanese. The bombing of Pearl Harbour, which drew the United States into World War II, is 30 years in the past, and today the Japanese invasion is conducted by jumbo jet, with clinking Yashica cameras. Veterans, both American and Japanese, go out in thousands to the dazzling white monument to the "date that will live in infamy" — December 7, 1941 — which has been built over the rusting towers of the sunken U.S.S. Arizona, now 40 feet under water.

Hawaii is the one American state which has its ethnic roots in Asia rather than Europe. It was first settled in the eighth century by voyaging Polynesians, and remained unknown to Europeans until the arrival, in 1778, of Captain James Cook. The growth of the sugar and pineapple industries brought increased trade with the U.S. and also a flood of Oriental settlers: Chinese, Japanese and Filipinos brought here to harvest these vital products.

state has reputedly the nation's highest cost of living, and all the problems common to any unplanned, ever-growing urban area of 650,000 people can be found in Honolulu.

Governor Burns favours the idea of "population dispersal," the removal of thousands of Oahu residents to neighbouring islands like Hawaii itself, which has only 64,000 people, or Maui, with 46,000. Unhappily for this scheme, the people of Oahu do not want to leave and the mayors of the outer islands do not want them to come. For Mayor Frank Pasi of Honolulu, there is no need to move anyone anywhere. The high-rises, the tourist tinsel of Waikiki are just beautiful — "clean, exciting and exactly what our visitors want."

Certainly, for the hundreds of thousands who pour in on \$200 package tours, Honolulu-Waikiki is all they know of Hawaii; but must they be satisfied at all costs? The civic struggle which saved the slopes of famous Diamond Head mountain, a site steeped in history and folklore, from the encroachments of high-rise building shows that the delicate balance between expansion and conservation can be kept.

Whether that balance will be maintained as these still-enchanted islands become a communications crossroads for the entire Pacific and a playground for more and more Americans is more doubtful. Governor Burns knows that the South Seas atmosphere is fading fast, like some dream of youth, and a maturer Hawaii must do some serious re-thinking about its role in the 'seventies.

Negotiations to be held on Hebrew University budget

The Hebrew University's IL175m. budget adopted at last week's annual meeting of the Board of Governors of the Hebrew University is subject to the conclusion of negotiations with the Ministry of Education for Jerusalem's share in the funds provided by the Government for higher education.

The Chairman of the Board, Mr. Sam Rothberg, appointed a committee to negotiate with the Government and to approve interim funds for operation beginning April 1, on a periodic basis. The committee will have 45 days to conclude a satisfactory agreement with the Government, failing which Mr. Rothberg will call a special meeting of the Board of Governors to reconsider the entire financial crisis which the University will be facing.

Members of the negotiating committee include Messrs. Rothberg and Harman; the outgoing Rector, Prof. Jacob Katz; the Rector-elect, Prof. Michael Rabin; Vice-President Bernard Cherrick; Mr. Louis Boyer, a Deputy Chairman of the Board and the Chairman of its Building and Development Committee; Mr. Julian Venezky, Co-Chairman of the Board's Finance Committee; Dr. Augusto Levi, Chairman of the Israeli Friends of the University and Co-Chairman of the Board's Finance Committee; Mr. Jerry Sudarsky, Honorary Treasurer of the University; and Mr. Joseph Harpaz, the University's Director-General.

Moving the adoption by the Board of the regular and basic equipment budget, Mr. Venezky said that the figure proposed required Government participation in the amount of

IL114,750,000, in addition to a Government grant of IL6,000,000 for basic equipment. The Friends of the University would be asked to raise a total of IL20,750,000 — more than double last year's figure.

Following the unanimous adoption of the budget, Dr. Henry Sonneborn, President of the University, announced that the American Friends would recommend to the American Friends that they assume responsibility for the repayment of the remainder of the University's consolidated debt, a sum of almost IL6,000,000.

A development budget for 1972-73 in the amount of IL22,170,000 was unanimously adopted. Because of the freeze on building, the actual amount required for implementation at this stage is IL73,000,000. Financing needed for the coming year amounts to IL63,000,000, of which the Friends are required to raise IL32,000,000.

Population influx

The Caucasian population influx began with the establishment of Hawaii as a U.S. territory in 1900, and today, for the first time in its history, the "Haoles" — whites — outnumber people of Japanese origin by 37 to 31 per cent. Barely three years ago those percentages were reversed.

The 50th state has a Caucasian governor, Mr. John Burns, a 62-year-old ex-policeman, and his two Senators, Mr. Hiram Fong and Mr. Daniel Inouye, are of Chinese and Japanese descent, respectively.

Mr. Burns, who confesses that it is not always easy to feel that Hawaii is a part of the United States, is grooming a youthful protégé to take over his job in 1974 — his present Lieutenant Governor, Mr. George Ariyoshi. The task facing these politicians is a highly complex one. Can they accommodate, and expand the \$460m. a year tourist industry and still preserve the qualities that have made Hawaii so attractive in the past? Already the

IL114,750,000, in addition to a Government grant of IL6,000,000 for basic equipment. The Friends of the University would be asked to raise a total of IL20,750,000 — more than double last year's figure.

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DONATIONS ANNOUNCED

In the course of the Board meeting, several major donations by the Friends abroad and in Israel were announced.

1) A \$1.5 million gift from Mr. James Ross, of Youngstown, Ohio, for whom a scientific research building on Givat Ram is to be named. Since this facility is already built, Mr. Ross' gift is to be applied to a scholarship fund.

2) Messrs. Louis and Bernard Bloomfield, of Montreal, arranged to endow a Chair in Experimental Medicine and Cancer Research to be named the Lady Davis Chair. The endowment is in the amount of \$250,000.

3) Mr. Shabtai Miron, of Israel, a Deputy Chairman of the Board of Governors, announced a gift of IL360,000 to endow a perpetual scholarship fund for students of the Centre for Pre-Academic Studies.

HONORARY DOCTORATES, BULLOCK PRIZE

The Board took note of five Honorary Doctorates decided upon by the Senate to be awarded for academic achievement.

1) Prof. Charles Best, of Canada; Dr. Arye L. Gaathon, of Israel; Prof. Talbot Pearsall, of the U.S.; Prof. Isidor Isaac Rabi, of the U.S. The Board approved Honorary Doctorates to be awarded for services to the University and public service to Messrs. Julian B. Venezky, Max Low, and Robert Soid, of the U.S.; Dr. Astor Mayer, of Italy; and Dr. Siegfried Moses, of Israel.

The Bullock Prize for 1973 is to be awarded to Prof. Roberto Bachal, Hebrew University Professor of Statistics and Demography, and until recently Scientific Director of the Israel Government's Central Bureau of Statistics.

NEW BOARD MEMBERS

A number of new members were elected to the Board of Governors: Messrs. Max Fischer and Edward Ginsburg were elected Honorary Governors. New members elected to the Board, in addition to those listed in Friday's Post, are Mrs. Bernard Bloomfield, Messrs. Samuel Badli, Moshe Baroni, Avieser Chelouche, J. Robert Fischer and Mrs. Earl Marvin (all Governors), and Mrs. Maria Goodman, Dr. Sidney Kirkin, Messrs. Bory Margolis, Nykerk, Moshe Bitan, Yitzhak Drot, Meyer Edelbaum, Bernard Gillman, Yehoshua Lorch and Shirley Mark, Uvseiler, Simon Chelouche, William P. Cohen and Stanley Stern; Mrs. Joel Etkes and Paul Ervitz and Prof. Hans Gith (all Alternates).

Dr. Israel Goldstein was elected as a Deputy Chairman of the Board of Governors and will serve as Vice-Chairman of the Executive Council and Prof. Alfred Neuberger was elected a Deputy Chairman of the Board. Messrs. Uvseiler and Chelouche were elected as new members to the Executive Council, while Messrs. Arie and Perat and Justman were elected as alternate members of the Council. Mr. Ben Perat was elected a member of the Endowment Fund Committee.

Z.O.A. HOUSE

Today

At 5.30 p.m.
Seminar in
CABBALA and AGADA
(English)
★ ★
At 8.30 p.m.
THE LITTLE ENGLISH
THEATRE

Monday

March 27, 8.30 p.m.
Violin Recital
MARIA GREVESMUEHL
(Bremen)
At the Piano
Eldad Neumark
Programme:
Bach, Bartok, Brahms

Tuesday

March 28, 5.00 p.m.
DRAWING CLUB
5.00 p.m. — Beginners
7.00 p.m. — Advanced

Wednesday

March 29, 8.00 p.m.
PASSOVER SEDER
Conducted by Cantor
Itzhak Bregman

Thursday

March 30, 8.00 p.m.
SECOND SEDER
Special for Tourists

Friday

March 31, 9.00 p.m.
ONEG SHABBAT
FOR TOURISTS
Israel Folklore
in Song and Dance
Cultural Department,
In cooperation with
Tel Aviv-Yafo Municipality

The National Exhibition of Amateur Painters and sculptors, in cooperation with Tel Aviv Municipality, will take place at Z.O.A. House from May 7-21, 1972. Exhibits accepted till April 9, 1972, 5.00-8.30 p.m. (Except Friday and Saturday).
For further details apply to Z.O.A. House Information Desk, or call Tel. 259341-2-2.

The Z.O.A. House newly redecorated Restaurant, now under new management, will be open for lunch and dinner during the Pessah Holiday, serving your favourite Pessah foods.

★ ★
Advance sale of tickets to all events starts today at Z.O.A. House

TRY SOMETHING NEW...



tai mahal
the Indian restaurant

IMPORTED COOKS PREPARE ALL INDIAN SPECIALTIES
OVERLOOKING THE SEA
OPEN DAILY FOR LUNCH & DINNER

KIKAR KEDUMIM, OLD JAFFA
TEL. 521002

TEL AVIV-YAFO MUNICIPALITY CULTURE, YOUTH AND SPORT DEPARTMENT

Monday, March 27, 1972 8.30 p.m.

VIOLIN RECITAL

MARIA GREVESMUEHL (Bremen)

At the piano:
ELDAD NEUMARK

Sonatas by Bach, Bartok, Brahms

AIDA

Opera by G. Verdi
Produced by Edis-De-Philippe
Conductors: Singer/Roth/Choset/

Choreography: Larross
Cast: Netania Davrath, Maria Leonopolus, Nardelli, Avella, Naomi Pinkas, Yolanda Di-Casce, Beatrice, Debelle, Karin, Cornell, Feldman, Fekemper, Kahana.

Tickets: 1 Allenby Rd., Tel. 57227
Special service for tourists at the Hotels

The Public Council of Journalists and Artists

A festive evening in honour of

Pesahke Burstein

on the occasion of his 50th anniversary on the stage will be held in the presence of Premier Golda Meir on Thursday, April 6, 1972, at 8.30 p.m. at the Mann Auditorium

Tickets — Atid, 5 Rehov Hagallil, and other agencies.

With the participation of:
PESAHKE BURSTEIN
LILIAN LUX
NEHAMA LIFSCHITZ
SHMUEL FINKEL (Habimah)
SHMUEL RODENSKI
SHMUEL SEGAL (Habimah)
RAFAEL KLATZKIN (Habimah)
LIA KOENIG (Habimah)
ZISE GOLD
PERALE MAGER
ARIEL FURMAN
Master of Ceremonies:
MIKE BURSTEIN

Second part:
The MEGILLA by Itzik Manger with the original cast

THE LITTLE ENGLISH THEATRE

presents
"TAKE TWO"
"THE DRAPES COME"
by Charles Dizzazzo
"TREVOR"
comedy by John Bowen

TONIGHT at the Z.O.A. House, at 8.30 p.m. and SUNDAY, April 2 at the Z.O.A. House, at 8.30 p.m.

JERUSALEM
Beit Ha'am, Saturday, April 8, 8.30 p.m.
Tickets at all agencies.

Traditional Passover Seder and festive dinner.



TEL AVIV HILTON

The Seder will be conducted by Chief Cantor Benjamin Ungar. Singing by the male choir of the Great Synagogue of Tel Aviv

An English commentary will be given by Mr. Joseph Friedland, the director of the choir.

Wednesday, March 29th, 1972 at 8.30 p.m. in the Grand Ballroom

Tickets and table reservations, in the Main Lobby 5:00 PM - 10:00 PM (excepting Friday)

THE ISRAEL PHILHARMONIC ORCHESTRA

EIN GEV — SUBSCRIPTION CONCERT NO. 4
MONDAY, APRIL 3, 1972, 8.00 P.M.

SERGIO COMMISSIONA
Conductor
TEIKO MEHASHI
Violin

Programme:
ROMAN — Drottningholm Music
MENDELSSOHN — Violin Concerto in E minor
BRAHMS — Symphony No. 1, in C minor

Tickets available at the Tourist Office, Ein Gev Tel. 6098; Ticket Office Elhadiv, Tiberias Rehov Hagallil, Tel. 20683; Municipal Tourist Office, Safad; Ticket Office Garter Central, Haifa; by post, Kinarot, Ein Gev, Doar Ein Gev.

EIN GEV FESTIVAL, Passover 1972

AT THE "KINNEROTH" ESCO MUSIC CENTRE

Thursday, 30.3.72 THE ISRAEL BROADCASTING SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
Conductor: Mendi Rodan
Soloist: Eva Bernathova — Piano (Czechoslovakia)
Ben Zion Orgad: "Tale of a Flute" Ballad for Voices and Orchestra (World First Performance)
Beethoven: Piano Concerto No. 2
Tchaikovsky: Symphony No. 6 (Pathétique)

Friday 31.3.72 SONG AND DANCE in the Kibbutz


Saturday, 1.4.72 ODETTA
Negro Folk Songs

Sunday, 2.4.72 THE BATSEVVA DANCE COMPANY
Song of my People — Forest People — Sea
Choreography: John Cranko
Transition
Choreography: Miral Sharon
Diversion of Angels
Choreography: Martha Graham

Monday, 3.4.72 THE ISRAEL PHILHARMONIC ORCHESTRA
Conductor: Sergiu Commissiona
Soloist: Teiko Meahashi (Violin)
Brahms: Symphony No. 1
Mendelssohn: Concerto for Violin and Orchestra

Tuesday, 4.4.72 EKSEPTION
The Dutch Pop-Ensemble playing their arrangements of classical music.

Wednesday, 5.4.72 ISRAEL DEFENCE FORCES ENTERTAINMENT GROUPS AND ORCHESTRA PARADE
Programme subject to change



PASSOVER SEDER

To be held at Sheraton-Tel Hotel
on March 28 and 29
conducted by
Rabbi Shmuel Arizer
and
Ellyana Greenblatt
Choir
of Tiberias, Tel. 20683
with selected choir
directed by
I. GERSHBERG
Kosher Luncheon
Information: Bagatel Dept.,
Sheraton-Tel Aviv, Tel. 65111

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For Old, Young, Students,
Rehov Hagallil, Tel. 2061

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International & Amateur
Afternoon & Evening
register immediately

Sunday, March 26
5.00 p.m. Bridge
5.00 p.m. Folk Dancing
Monday, March 27
8.00 p.m. Art Circle

Tuesday, March 28
4.00 p.m. Ten Social Singers
5.00 p.m. Social Singers
8.30 p.m. Singers Social (after 5)

Wednesday, March 29
CLOSED FOR PASSOVER
MOADON REOPENS APRIL 6

SNACK BAR — CAFE
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"Mother's Home Cooking"

MOADON HAOLEH, Haifa

J. K. GOLDBLOOM CENTRE

124 Sderot Hanassi, Tel. 8335

Sunday, March 26
8.15 p.m. BIBLE CLASS
9.00 p.m. INTERNATIONAL FOLK DANCING

★ ★ ★
Monday, March 27
8.30 p.m. CONCERT OF RAPED CLASSICAL MUSIC:
Schubert's 5th Symphony
Beethoven's 2nd Piano Concerto

★ ★ ★
WE WISH ALL OUR MEMBERS A VERY HAPPY PASSOVER

THE ISRAEL PHILHARMONIC ORCHESTRA

WEEKLY CALENDAR

TEL AVIV

Frederic E. Mann Auditorium
8.30 p.m.

Subscription Concert No. 9

SERGIU COMMISSIONA
Conductor
TEIKO MEHASHI
Violin
STELLA RICHMOND
Soprano
ESTHER ADAMON
Mezzo Soprano
DAN FRIEDE
Tenor

with the Tel Aviv Philharmonic Choir and The Shronit Children's Choir

Series 1 — Tues., March 28
Series 2 — Thurs., March 30
Series 3 — Sat., April 1
Series 4 — Sun., April 2
Series 5 — Wed., April 5

Programme:
ROMAN
Drottningholm Music
SIBELIUS
Violin Concerto in D major
BEETHOVEN
"Spring" Symphony Op. 44
for soloists, choir and orchestra

Series 6 — Sat., April 8
Series 7 — Sun., April 9
Popular Series — Sat., April 15

Programme:
ROMAN
Drottningholm Music
MENDELSSOHN
Violin Concerto in E minor
BEETHOVEN
"Spring" Symphony Opus 44
for soloist, choir and orchestra

JERUSALEM

Binyaset Ha'ooma, 8.30 p.m.

Subscription Concert No. 9

Series 1 — Thurs., April 6
Conductor, soloists and programme
See Tel Aviv Series 1-5

— HAIFA

Armon Hall, 8.45 p.m.

Subscription Concert No. 8

Series 1 — Tues., April 11
Series 2 — Wed., April 12
Series 3 — Thurs., April 13

Conductor, soloists and programme
See Tel Aviv Series 6-7

EIN GEV

Subscription Concert No. 4

Thurs., April 5, 8.00 p.m.
SERGIU COMMISSIONA
Conductor
TEIKO MEHASHI
Violin
ROMAN
Drottningholm Music
MENDELSSOHN
Violin Concerto in E minor
BRAHMS
Symphony No. 1 in C minor

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puted gangster's lawyer claims: Lansky has no chance to counter 'unsubstantiated allegations'

By DAVID LANDAU Jerusalem Post Reporter

Lansky can do nothing to counter the Minister of Interior's widely held belief that he is a top-flight gangster...



Meyer Lansky, flashing his ever-present smile, as he leaves the Supreme Court.

also stressed, in Gold's case and elsewhere, that the fundamental maxim that a man is innocent until proved guilty must never be overlooked by judicial or administrative tribunals.

Justice Sussman, in Gold's case, had spoken of the concept of a "temporary criminal past" — to apply so long as Gold was a fugitive from justice...

LANSKY'S CONVICTIONS

Lansky's two most recent and most serious convictions were for gambling offences. In 1960 he was fined \$1,000; and in 1962 he got a \$2,500 fine and was imprisoned for three months...

Justice Agranat and Cohn, however, noted that Mr. Lansky had pleaded guilty to the gambling charges, and suggested that his relatively mild sentences were the result of a "deal" with the prosecution.

SATISFACTION v. PROOF

As regards the contention that Mr. Lansky's convictions were sufficient for a "criminal past," Mr. Aloi argued that for such a basic and important right as the right of a Jew to live in the Jewish State more serious offences would have to be proved against him.

The Law of Return excludes persons about whom the Minister is "satisfied" that they have a "criminal past." Mr. Bach stressed that the Law used the word "satisfied," rather than "proven."

At the end of the session, Mr. Lansky, apparently in high spirits after his lawyer's performance, shook hands all round and wished reporters and members of the public seated near him a good yom-tov.

In Gold's case, Mr. Aloi said, Justice Cohn and Landau insisted, for proof of "criminal past," on either previous convictions or on evidence as weighty as previous convictions. The convictions, he said, would have to be substantial.

WEIGHTY REPORT

A weighty report by a U.S. investigating commission had charged Mr. Lansky with "responsibility, direct or indirect, for crimes committed by gangsters in New York, the crimes were not specified."

Justice Agranat: "What would you say in the case of a Nazi criminal who had no formal convictions?"

Justice Agranat: "What would you consider sufficient evidence apart from actual evidence of convictions?"

Mr. Aloi: "I would require the amount of evidence which would convict the man in a criminal court. If this is not to be the test, then the following circumstances can arise: a man can have been convicted by an English or U.S. court, but the Israeli Minister says 'Sorry. The evidence against him is enough to convince me of his 'criminal past' — Or — to come closer to the case at hand — the courts in America can have decided not to try a man because they felt there was not enough evidence against him, but the Minister here holds that the evidence nevertheless is sufficient."

This was exactly Mr. Lansky's case, Mr. Aloi continued. U.S. authorities sought every pretext to try him (they even once arraigned him for drug trafficking when they found three bottles of stomach medicine in his cases at the Mexican border), but they never had enough evidence.

GOLD'S CASE

In 1962, the High Court of Justice decided by a 3-2 majority to turn down the application of Mr. Henry Gold, a U.S. fugitive from justice, for an immigrant's visa.

Justice Cohn: "The point in this case is not that specific crime, the allegation that the applicant (Mr. Lansky) was part of an organized crime which even managed to gain control of the enforcement agencies of the U.S."

Justice Agranat: "Mr. Lansky has admitted that he knew such men as Lucky Luciano and Frank Costello. But we have no specific evidence that they were gangsters."

Mr. Aloi received this comment with enthusiasm; but it was short-lived, as the President continued: "perhaps the whole phenomenon of organized crime in the U.S. in the 1930s was one big frame-up."

Justice Agranat: "You just have to open any history book and read it. It all happened."

Mr. Aloi volunteered, "But you have helped him here," Justice Cohn interrupted.

Mr. Aloi will no doubt return to court when the Court meets in after the Pessah recess.



Garbage piles up in Hadera as a strike by local sanitation workers continues. But the workers — who are officially on strike since March 15 — have agreed to collect rubbish today 'out of consideration for the approaching holiday.'

Amisragas delivery men on strike as Pessah nears

By DAVID LENNON Jerusalem Post Economic Reporter

Some Jerusalem homes may be without gas for the Pessah holiday as a result of a strike by the gas delivery men working for Amisragas.

A spokesman for the Amisragas head office told The Post on Friday that they were doing their best to ensure that families where both tanks had run out of gas; but he admitted regretfully that those requesting one tank could not be guaranteed delivery until the strike ended.

The spokesman noted that the strike is not against the company itself, but over the issue of the regulations concerning the central gas installations in the city.

There are two types of central gas installations in the city — one involves a single large tank, usually located underground; the other is a battery of large balloons.

After protest last year by the distributors, the Ministry of Housing issued a regulation ordering that all central gas installations be of the balloon variety as of July, 1971.

However, the City Engineers' Office in Jerusalem refused to accept this regulation, and insisted that central gas for apartment blocks be stored in underground tanks, for safety reasons.

After delaying for months, Amisragas was forced to link up the central gas supply of an apartment block in the Katamon area, where

Netivei Neft strike over

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Workers in the Neftei Neft oil fields at Abu Roda, Sinai, have abandoned their strike, and negotiations have begun over their wage claim.

Yesterday morning, company heads Yitzhak Syrkin and Mordecai Friedman flew down to Abu Roda for the discussions, accompanied by Shimon Zan-Bar of the Histadrut and Arye Tivon of the Government Companies Authority.

J'lem Theatre starting shows

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The new Jerusalem Theatre will show four plays during the coming month as its initial public offerings. The shows are "Merchant of Venice," "Stempanny," "Cyrillus of Jeffer," and a performance by the Comedie Francaise.

Matricide pleads 'mercy killing'

TEL AVIV. — Shaye Grinman, the 49-year-old Russian immigrant arrested in Or Yehuda on Thursday for the murder of his sick and aged mother, confessed yesterday in the Tel Aviv Magistrate's Court: "I wanted to ease her fate. She was hopelessly and fatally ill."

Grinman, who immigrated to Israel with his 72-year-old mother Eva a year ago, had been arrested in the asbestos shack he shared with her, after a punch-up in the Or Yehuda Kupat Holim clinic.

'Missing' French girl found safe in Negev kibbutz

By H. BEN-ADI Jerusalem Post Reporter

BEERSHEBA. — The police on Friday called off their search for a young French girl volunteer who had been reported missing for the past five weeks, after she was found — safe and sound — in Kibbutz Mishmar HaNegev.

The girl, Catherine Maquart, 23, had arrived in Israel on November 10. After spending three weeks working at Kibbutz Erez, she went to Eilat where she worked for six weeks as a waitress at a hamburger stand and cafe.

Investigating, the police learned that Miss Maquart had left her work five weeks ago and had not been seen since. Her description was carried in newspapers, the radio and television, but the girl seemed to have vanished.

On Thursday, the police received another letter from the parents stating that they had just heard from their daughter — in Mishmar HaNegev.

"I don't understand what all the fuss was about," Catherine told The Jerusalem Post on Friday. She said that after leaving Eilat she spent 19 days with "friends" in Beersheba. Then she went to Mishmar HaNegev, where she intends to spend another year.

Span-Nitzav Michael Buchner, commander of the Negev Police, expressed mixed emotions. On the one hand, the police were relieved — especially since they still have the unsolved disappearance in Eilat of an English girl, Jennifer Wiseman.

Change needed in image of society Hillel sees chances for negotiations with Arabs

By YA'ACOV ARDON Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — The Police Minister Shlomo Hillel has described the present security situation as "a partial and temporary calm" due, not to a change of heart in the Arab states, but to the fact that their varied attempts to force on Israel what they regard as a settlement have failed.

Speaking as a guest of the Haifa Labour Council at a plenary meeting on Friday morning, he recalled that the Arab states had first tried (after the 1967 war) to restore old borders by political pressures, with the aid of the Western powers and the Soviet Union.

When this failed, they tried military means — first terrorism, then the war of attrition. And more recently they have tried by threats of war — "sometimes a more effective means than war itself, just as a man brandishing a loaded revolver is considered more dangerous than one who has already fired his shots,"

Mr. Hillel urged that the present period be used for consolidating "the social infrastructure" which is part of the country's military potential. He complained that the absorption of 80,000 to 70,000 immigrants today, amid economic prosperity and labour shortage, has

Mayors clash over Eilat housing

Jerusalem Post Staff

The Housing Ministry's promise to double the number of flats to be built in Eilat next year has drawn sharp fire from the Mayor of Rehovot, Mr. Shmuel Rechtman.

In a letter sent to Minister Ze'ev Sharef, the Mayor warned that the Ministry's step could provide an "incentive for all those who see strikes as a means for achieving their demands." (He was referring to the decision of the Eilat City Council of the week before to tender their resignations because of the failure of the Ministry to provide a solution to the town's acute housing shortage.)

The Council members last week agreed to hold their fire for a few days, to see if the Ministry was serious about carrying out its promises.

Reacting to the Rehovot Mayor's reaction, Eilat's Mayor Asher Azar yesterday expressed surprise that Mr. Rechtman should take a stand on the problems of Eilat "without having first-hand knowledge of the situation." He invited his Rehovot counterpart to come to Eilat "to see for himself and then give his opinion."

Mr. Sharef also promised an Eilat delegation to the Rehovot Mayor's reaction. He said that he would take up with the Finance Minister the question of raising standing loans to Eilat residents in order to bring the prices of flats in Eilat in line with other towns in the south, such as Dimona and Kiryat Gat.

East J'lem hotel to serve tourists again

Jerusalem Post Economic Reporter

The New Victoria Hotel in East Jerusalem, which has been leased to the police since the Six Day War, will again be placed at the service of tourists following the approval of the Tourism Ministry Government Committee of a loan to investors who want to renovate the 63-room hotel.

Chief Superintendent Kadoury stated that under questioning Grinman told Police that his bed-ridden mother had been suffering from a malignancy and he had wanted to put her out of further misery.

Judge Yosef Kirtony remanded Grinman for 15 days, and ordered that he be brought to trial during that time. By law, Grinman must first be indicted before he can be hospitalized for sanity tests. (Ihm)

Two terrorists and girl, 15, killed in Strip

Jerusalem Post Reporter

One of them reportedly high on the wanted list — and a 15-year-old girl were shot and killed by security forces at Ma'ala village near here early Friday morning.

The wanted terrorist was hiding in a house in the village, disarmed as a woman. The security forces surrounded the house and called on the occupants to come out with their hands up.

One man emerged making a suspicious movement with his hands, and the soldiers shot and killed him. Immediately afterwards another man and a girl tried to escape from the house. They were also shot and killed after failing to heed the soldiers' challenge.

Investigation revealed that the first man had been a member of the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine for the past three years and was wanted for the murder of an Israeli Arab and the mukhtar of Beit Lahiyeh, north of here, as well as for numerous acts of sabotage.

The body of a young woman, covered with numerous stab wounds, was found in a citrus grove here on Friday evening. Next to her was a two-year-old boy, alive and crying lustily.

Police said the woman — who has not yet been identified — had been dead for about 12 hours before her body was discovered. The investigation continues.

Woman's body, with infant, found in grove

Jerusalem Post Reporter

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Beduin boy hurt by explosive

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Thousands of Catholics, including pilgrims from all over the world, will converge in the Old City today for the celebration of Palm Sunday, marking the first day of Easter Holy Week.

Weather permitting, the faithful, carrying palm branches, will march from Bethpage on the eastern slopes of the Mount of Olives to St. Anne's Convent inside St. Stephen's Gate, in a huge procession commemorating Jesus' triumphant entry into Jerusalem.

Palm Sunday will be observed first with a 7 a.m. service at the Holy Sepulchre, with the Blessing of Palms and pontifical high mass. Palm Sunday, observed almost exclusively by the Roman Catholic Church, ushers in the series of services, culminating with Good Friday, which commemorates the Passion. Of the reformed churches, only the Church of England includes Palm Sunday in the Holy Week.

The Orthodox Eastern churches mark the day next Sunday, although they do not include Palm Sunday in the Holy Week, the Orthodox churches observe the day as a joyous festival marking Christ's entry into Jerusalem. They no longer hold a procession, but bless the palms held by worshippers during the service.

Missing pointer returned anonymously

Jerusalem Post Reporter

NETANYA. — The golden Tora pointer commemorating a fallen soldier, which disappeared from the home of the dead boy's father a week ago, has turned up again.

Haim Arame, whose son Elyahu was killed at the Suez Canal two years ago, reported yesterday that he had found the hand-shaped pointer in his letter box. He added that no one had appeared to claim the IL2,000 reward — the pointer's value as unworked gold — he had offered for its return.

The pointer had taken Elyahu's brother, a master goldsmith, some time to make, and was to have been presented to Israel Television. With its return, Arame said it would be seen on the nightly televised Bible-reading ("Psukei Shel Yom") after the Pessah holiday.

Seamen protest foreign flag on new Zim ship

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — The Seamen's Union on Friday protested the operation of Zim's new container ship under a foreign flag. The Union vowed to "take all measures at our disposal" to fight against "the trend to put foreign flags on Israeli ships for other than political consideration."

The new ship, which carries 700 containers, is the first of four fast modern vessels ordered by Zim for the Japan-U.S. line, which is later to be extended to Israel. She was built in Italy and was delivered last week. She will sail under the German flag with German officers; so far her crew does not include any Israelis.

The Union, in cables to Zim, the Transport Minister and the Histadrut chief, lodged its "vigorous protest against the trend to make use of foreign flags, not necessitated by political considerations" which it considers ruinous for the national character of the merchant fleet.

The Zim spokesman refused to comment, but company circles noted that the ship had been bought at a greatly reduced price, after she had already been ordered by a German firm, and that it was impossible to change the flag. The savings from her and a sister ship run into \$1m., and the company intends eventually to engage Israeli crews, it was added.

Biggest Ata store opens in Beersheba

Jerusalem Post Reporter

BEERSHEBA. — The biggest Ata textile and clothing retail store in the country was inaugurated here last night — with an introductory flat 10 per cent price reduction for all customers until April 7.

The general manager of Ata Textiles Ltd., Mr. Amos Ben-Gurion, said the IL1.5m. store occupies 500 sq.m. and employs 35 persons. The manager is Mr. Ernest Friedman, a Beersheba textile engineer.

BAR-ILAN UNIVERSITY has established a chair in applied physical chemistry in the name of Dr. Jakob Schachter, a Webster, N.Y., physicist, in recognition of his services to the University, it was announced by Rector M.Z. Kaddari. The first holder of the chair will be Prof. Yehoshua Schachter, brother of the donor and professor of chemistry at Bar-Ilan.

20% of industry's labour is redundant, Yadin says

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — "Hidden unemployment" or redundant labour in industry amounts to about 20 per cent, according to Eviatar Ovdim secretary Asher Yadin. Speaking on industrial problems at the Engineers Forum on Friday, he said there was no mobility of labour and that handicaps in the Histadrut sector were graver than in the private sector.

"It is much much harder in labour-owned enterprises to effect changes. For instance, when the economic slump (misfire) was at its worst, and the scope of construction had dropped to about half, the labour force of Solel Bosch had dropped by only 10 per cent," he said.

Excessive taxation of personal income is another handicap for industry and has serious economic, social and moral effects. "The situation is getting worse every year, and a drastic reform is imperative. Marginal tax rates for those earning between IL1,000 and IL2,500 — but also for the higher brackets — must come down," he said.

Engineers, managers and other experts are to be motivated to higher productivity," he declared. "The Finance Ministry itself is aware of the unreasonable tax rates. When it wanted to give academic workers higher pay, it chose the professional literature allowance as the vehicle for it, because salary increases would have been consumed by higher income tax."

Mr. Yadin urged reduced spending by the public sector, including the Government, the local authorities and institutions, in order to leave more resources for investment in productive projects for quicker economic growth. He also called for the introduction of the Added Value (sales) Tax, in addition to the reduction of the high marginal income tax rates.

Mayor target of phone threats

RAMAT HASHARON. — The chairman of Ramat Hasharon's Local Council has been the target of anonymous telephone threats in recent days.

On Wednesday night, Mr. Pessah Beklad again received such a call. The caller told the council head that he or his wife would be killed unless the Council stops sending Ramat Hasharon residents to jail for opening shops or cafes without a permit.

The caller also demanded that the Council allocate publicly owned land for him and his friends — though he did not identify himself — on which to open cafes.

The Tel Aviv police spokesman told "Yom" that the police take these threats seriously, and are working intensively to discover the callers. (Ihm)

HOTEL OCCUPANCY in Netanya is up 20 per cent in 1972, Tourism Minister Moshe Kol declared last week, attributing the rise to the courtesy and quality service offered by the town's hotel employees.

To Let Immediately, Nicely Furnished, 2-room Flat, Rehavia, Jerusalem, for 2 months. Tel. 32856.

THE INTERNATIONAL SYMPOSIUM on "SOCIETY, MEDICINE AND LAW" CORRECTION Registration will take place on: Sunday, March 26, 1972, at 8 p.m. or Monday, March 27, 1972, from 8-9 a.m.

ROLLER

Vertical text on the left edge of the page, including "FOR FOREIGN PERSONNEL", "HILTON", "HAND TYING", "PASSOVER", "special", "shortbread", "Roller".



Thousands at funeral of Vizhnitzer Rebbe

A crowd of tens of thousands of hassidim flooded the streets of Bnei Brak on Friday for the funeral of the Vizhnitzer Rebbe, Rabbi Haim Meir Hager, who died of a heart attack at the age of 84 in Tel Aviv's Assuta hospital on Thursday night.

Allon gives details of his plan for a settlement with Jordan

Deputy Premier Yigal Allon has reiterated his view that the Jordan River must become Israel's political border and that a security belt of settlements in the Jordan Rift, between the river and the mountain slopes to the west, should be sovereign Israel territory.

Former President of Mexico here

LOD AIRPORT. — Former Mexican President Miguel Aleman arrived here last night to take part in Mexico Day at the Hebrew University.

Raphael hits Allon Plan

National Religious Party leader Yitzhak Raphael last night sharply attacked the Allon Plan, calling it "an expanded Rogers plan."

Driver fights off would-be robber

Jerusalem Post Reporter RAMLE. — An 18-year-old youth was arrested on suspicion of attempting to hold up a petrol station owner on Friday afternoon.

HAIFA MAN KILLED BY TRAIN

Jerusalem Post Reporter HAIFA. — A Mt. Carmel resident, Mr. Eliav Belsky, 57, was run over on Friday afternoon by a train at the Bat Galim level crossing.

NABLUS ELECTIONS

(Continued from page 1) In Jenin the vote is slated for May 2. Post reporter Yoel Dar adds: The election campaign in Jenin, Tulikarm and Kalkilya is quiet and almost dull.

Rabbi Kook dead at 72

Rabbi Shalom Nathan Ra'anan Kook, son-in-law of the late Chief Rabbi Kook and head of the Merkaz Harav Yeshiva in Jerusalem, died on Friday evening in the Capital. He was 72.

Opposition M.K. blasts Gov't on housing issue

Jerusalem Post Political Reporter TEL AVIV. — The State List's Zalman Shoval, M.K. has charged the Government with holding up rental housing programmes in order to protect the vested interests of the big housing companies close to Government parties — like the Histadrut's Shikun Ovdim.

Illinois Governor to inaugurate library at Etzion yeshiva

The Governor of Illinois, Richard B. Ogilvie (Republican), who arrived in Israel on Friday at the head of a delegation of civic business leaders from Chicago, will today attend the inaugural ceremony of a new library at the Etzion Bloc in Judea, which is to bear his name.

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Marmorek, Sha'arayim edge ahead of Holon in League A

By PAUL KOEN Jerusalem Post Sports Reporter TEL AVIV. — The Rehovot teams, Marmorek Hapoel and Sha'arayim Maccabi, edged two points ahead of Holon Hapoel in the triangular fight for the League "A" South championships and promotion to the National League next season.

Rumanian, German take tennis crowns

By JACQ LEON Jerusalem Post Sports Reporter BEERSHEVA. — Rumania's second-ranking Petre Marmureanu, and Kora Schediwy, the West German no. 5, yesterday won the singles titles in the invitation tennis tournament here.

Complaint lodged against Israeli player in Burma

Jerusalem Post Sports Reporter TEL AVIV. — Heads of the Asian Football Confederation have protested to the Israel contingent at the Olympic qualifying tournament in Burma at the rough play of Yeschayahu Schwager, the Haifa Maccabi defender, in the match against Ceylon last week.

HAIFA MAN KILLED BY TRAIN

Jerusalem Post Reporter HAIFA. — A Mt. Carmel resident, Mr. Eliav Belsky, 57, was run over on Friday afternoon by a train at the Bat Galim level crossing.

NABLUS ELECTIONS

Advertisement for Anglo-Saxon Real Estate Agency Ltd. featuring a house and the text 'don't miss out', 'IL.130.000', '4 1/2 room vilas on half a dunam', and 'GROSS AREA: 154 sq. mts.'.

Advertisement for 'THE ULTIMATE PROTECTION FOR ALL CAR ENGINES' featuring a can of oil and 'THE WEATHER FORECAST'.

Advertisement for 'ARRIVALS' listing U.S. Congressmen and other arrivals.

Advertisement for 'DEPARTURES' listing departures.



ER Ben-Haim of the Jerusalem Selected is taken out of the exhibition match with Lulea of Sweden after he was injured by a Swedish player. Jerusalem won the game, 3-1.

CLOVERLEAF GOLF CAESAREA. — In yesterday's Clover leaf Golf competition the winning team was Neil Shohet of Beit Yanai, Moshe Shatan of Haifa, and Avraham Akavia of Haifa and Mrs. Cohen of Haifa, with a net 62.

DR. YA'ACOV COHEN of the Foreign Ministry's Economics Division has been appointed deputy head of Israel's delegation to the Common Market. He replaces Mr. Gad Elrot, who has been appointed Ambassador to Zambia.

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